

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 31.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1900.

NO. 36.

Enamelled Souvenirs

If you want to send your friend a nice little present and at the same time a souvenir, we would suggest some of the enamel goods we are showing. We have Spoons, Brooches, Pins, Links, Scarf Pins, etc., finished with coats of arms of British Columbia, Canada, United States and Great Britain.

Challoner & Mitchell Phone 675

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd

Government Street. VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE. April, 23rd, 1900

SUPREMACY IN LADIES' COSTUMES

Every garment is new and stylish, no antiquated styles are to be found at the Westside. They must be new to find a place in the Westside. They must be new to find a place in the Westside. They must be new to find a place in the Westside.

New Shirt Waists
New Summer Shirt Waists \$ 90.
New Zephyr Shirt Waists 1.25
New Muslin Shirt Waists 1.50
New Silk Shirt Waists 3.00
NEW SUMMER SILKS
This is Canada's Silk Store and the best and newest silks are to be found at The Westside. These for best prices:
New Summer Silks, all styles \$ 50
New Colored Summer Silks 60
New Zephyr Silk, Extra Quality 1.00
Exclusive Novelties in Silk, up to 3.25
Write for Samples to

THE WESTSIDE, VICTORIA, B. C.

Possibly Dusty?

You will accumulate the right kind of DUST by dealing with us—not JAMES HAY—DUSTY—but the yellow dust of DUST. We have DUSTED prices to hard pan and have PAYMENTS of quality to success.
Flour has advanced, but for this week we will sell at the old price.
HUNGARIAN \$1.15 Sack
SOY PLATE 90c Sack
THREE STAR \$1.00 Sack
FRESH ISLAND EGGS 20c Dozen
QUAKER OATS 2 Pks. 25c

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools, Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers, Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

61 Yates Street, Victoria.

HATS AND CAPS

A Large Assortment of all kinds of Hats and Caps also Girls' and Children's Sunbonnets and Tams.

We invite the TRADE to inspect our well assorted stock in all its departments.

J. PIERCY & CO.

OSBORNE HOUSE TO LET.

Thirty-four Rooms, including Dining Room and Reading Room. Enquire 119 Cornsant street.

That Cough

Can be quickly cured by taking Pulmonic Cough Cure

arene Block, Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts. Dispensing Chemists.

FOR SALE.

Old Established Hotel

The above contains about 50 well furnished rooms, centrally located, and commands a good bar trade. Present owner being compelled to leave almost immediately for the North will sell out at a sacrifice.
Also 2 acres of land near Cordoba Station, nearly all cleared. This property has on it a small well-built house, with nice garden and well; good hunting, boating and fishing in the neighborhood. TV & quick purchaser will accept \$180.
For rent, furnished house, Fignard street, \$20.
W. JONES, Real Estate Department, The City Auction Mart, 75 and 79 1/2 Yates Street.

FOR SALE: HOTEL

Goodwill and furniture, including bar; centrally located; rooms all let. Also, the well known QUAMIOHAN HOTEL, situate at Duncan.

APPLY B.C. Land & Investment Agency.

FOR SALE

At figures far below what they can be erected for, 5 roomed cottage (nearly new), on Alfred street, bath, pantry, closets, electric light, good stable, orchard, etc.; terms easy.
Large corner lot, with two story house, cellar, bath, pantry, stable, etc.; close to car line; all in good repair.
1/2 acre, with new bungalow, on Terrace avenue; price and terms reasonable.
7 roomed house, close to car line; very cheap.
Several good building sites in James Bay at prices to suit you.
The land for bargains.

P. G. MACGREGOR, REAL ESTATE BROKER, 92 GOVERNMENT ST. TEL. 694.

If You Want a Bargain in Real Estate Now is Your Chance.

For a few days only we offer the following properties at prices and terms that will surprise you.
Eight-room house and lot on Menzies street, fitted with all modern improvements and in first-class condition for \$2,000 less than cost price.
Eight-room house and large lot on Superior street, with sewer connections, electric light, etc., a bargain at \$2,750; cash \$750, balance at low rate of interest.
Fine large cottage with large lot and nice grounds on Superior street, cheap and on easy terms.
Large two-story house and lot Cadboro Bay road, very cheap and on exceptionally easy terms.
2 lots corner of South Turner and Niagara streets, \$1,250.
2 lots corner Niagara and Carr streets, \$1,000.
1 lot Garbally road, \$300.
2 lots Second street, Work Estate, each \$450.
House and three lots with good orchard, Oulds, \$900.
House and three acres of land cleared and fenced, Cedar Hill road, \$300.
2 1/2 acres with 5-room house, barn and stables, Gordon Head road, \$500.
484 acres of best farming lands on Vancouver Island, partly improved, which we offer at a bargain.
Houses and lots in all parts of the city for sale at bedrock prices.
Money to loan in sums to suit at low rates of interest.
Place your fire insurance in the old reliable Phoenix, of Hartford.
F. G. RICHARDS & CO. Real Estate and Financial Agents, No. 15 Broad Street.

Lee & Fraser

Real Estate Agents.

10 Roomed House and Seven Lots for \$2,500
Belleville St., Beautiful Building Lot \$1,200
Large Lot, James Bay, for \$500
5 Roomed Cottage and Large Lot, James Bay, price only \$1,500
7 Roomed, 2 Story House, Sewer Connection \$1,300

FIRE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

9 and 11 Trowce Avenue, Victoria.

NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., LTD.

NANAIMO, B.C.

SAMUEL M. ROBINSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

Coal Mixed by White Labor.

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts, .. \$4.25 per ton
Sack nd Lumps, \$5.50 per ton

Delivered to any part of the city

KINGHAM & CO.,

J. E. CHURCH, J. C. V. SPRATT,

Trounce Avenue, Yates and Store Sts

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.,

Cor. Broad Street and Trounce Avenue

FLINT & CO., Broad St.

Telephone Call 647.

W arf—Store Street, Spratt's Wharf.

Fishing Tackle

Largest Stock to select from

at

John Barnsley & Co.,

115 Government St.

NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS'

FRENCH CLARETS

St. Loubes,
St. Julien,
Chateau Chambray,
Chateau Leoville,
Chateau Margaux,
Chateau Larose.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

Select Your Druggist

As carefully as you do your physician. No matter what the quality of your physician may be, his efforts may be thwarted by the incompetency of the pharmacist who compounds his prescription.

Purity Accuracy Reliability

JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST,

N.W. Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets

HASTIE'S FAIR

FOR STATIONERY AND CONFECTIONERY AT THE BOTTOM.

GLASS TIN AGATE CROCKERY.

SEED SEED

Burpee's Extra Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Supply Limited.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., LD.

TEL. 413. CITY MARKET.

REMOVED BY A NEW PROCESS: perfectly harmless and painless; acts immediately. Free trial at C. Kosche's Hair Store, 53 Douglas, near Fort Street.

ROCK'S BICYCLE SADDLES Just received a supply of the celebrated English Brook's Bicycle saddles, at John Barnsley & Co.'s, 115 Government street.

LIBERAL M. P. BEAD.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, April 23.—Dr. Haley, M. P., Hants, Nova Scotia, died at the Russell house at 1:45 a.m. to-day. He was 58 years of age. He had been confined to his room for a month. Dr. Haley was a Liberal.

The House of Commons took recess to-day from 3:30 to 5 p.m., to permit of members attending the funeral of the late Dr. Haley from Russell House to the railway depot.

MOTOR CARS.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 23.—About seventy-five motor cars, of all sorts and sizes, started from the Hyde Park corner this morning on a trial journey of a thousand miles to Edinburgh and return. The trial is not intended as a race, but as a test of usefulness. Great interest was manifested in the start.

Wall Papers

Victoria, B. C.

J. W. MELLOR

Every Step Contested

Boers Strongly Oppose the Advance of General Rundle to Wepener.

News From the Boers—Pretoria Dispatch Tells of Fighting Near Dewet's Dorp.

(Associated Press.)

London, April 23.—General Rundle is evidently advancing slowly towards Wepener, every step being closely contested by the Boers.

From the Republican side there is a good deal of interesting news to-day.

A Thaba Nchu dispatch, dated Friday, April 20th, reports the arrival there of Commandants Devets and Villiers, and an attack upon 3,000 British under General Gatacre. The latter, of course, is a misstatement, and probably General Rundle is referred to. The British, it is added, occupy some kopjes, but their left wing was driven back. The Boer loss was one killed and five wounded.

From Bradford comes the news that on Saturday, April 21st,

A British Patrol

of ten men ventured near that place and suffered the loss of one man killed and two captured, including a Free Stater, who was leading the party.

A Pretoria dispatch, dated April 21st, says the latest official news was that fighting was proceeding within half an hour's march of Dewetsdorp with no results.

The Transvaal government, it is added, is to be allowed to send a clergyman to St. Helena and also a neutral consul to watch the interests of the prisoners, in the same manner as Mr. Adolbert Hay guards the interests of the British in Pretoria.

A proclamation has been issued, prohibiting

The Working of the Mines

on Sunday, and inflicting punishment on managers paying over a pound a month to natives.

From Ladysmith to-day comes a dispatch saying all is quiet, and that the Boer guns are silent.

There is nothing from Bloemfontein to indicate the progress of the preparations for the main advance.

ICE CREAM PARLORS

The undersigned begs to announce to the public that he has added special facilities for the making of ice cream, cream sodas, etc., and respectfully solicits your patronage for a trial. The best of pure candies made fresh daily. T. SARANTIS, Proprietor, No. 101 Johnson street, near Douglas.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

Superfluous Hair

Removed by a new process; perfectly harmless and painless; acts immediately. Free trial at C. Kosche's Hair Store, 53 Douglas, near Fort Street.

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BOERS REPULSED.

Wakkerstroom, April 22 (evening).

After yesterday's shelling it was expected that the Boers would open again, but Col. Brabazon, with the Yeomanry, made a thorough reconnaissance to the left.

The Boers endeavored to turn the British right, but the movement was deterred by the Yeomanry and mounted infantry, and the guns opened fire and drove them off, greatly extending the position.

None of the Boer guns were in action. There were no British casualties.

Many of the Boers are moving southwards.

FIGHTING CONTINUES.

Boer Camp, Thaba Nchu, Orange Free State, April 22.—Fighting continues day and night at Jammensburg Drift.

The English trenches are so full of rain that the men have been obliged every now and then, to chamber to the banks, only to be shot down.

The Boers were so drenched on Saturday that they were unable to sleep, so they started a debate on the subject of the good to be derived from virtue and courage. The discussion lasted most of the night, shells at intervals interrupting the speakers.

Robertson's lower mill is reported to have been captured on April 21st, and it is said that the Cape Mounted Rifles has lost during the siege 120 out of 500 men.

The British prisoners defy the burghers to capture Col. Daley's camp, even if the British are not reinforced.

A surprising number of relatives are fighting on opposite sides at Wepener.

THE SECOND CONTINGENT.

Toronto, April 23.—The Globe's correspondent with the first contingent cables from Bloemfontein, under the date of April 21st, as follows:

"Canadians moved this afternoon to Springfield, six miles to the east of this place. Mr. John A. Ewen has arrived here."

(Ewen is the Globe correspondent with the second Canadian contingent. His arrival at Bloemfontein indicates that the second contingent will take part in the movement toward Pretoria, which has probably commenced.)

Harboring Prisoners.

London, April 23.—A Capetown government contractor named Ball has been arrested for harboring three escaped Boer prisoners, dressed as clergymen. The prisoners were sent back to Simonstown, whence they had escaped.

Arrival of Hospital Ship.

Southampton, April 23.—The United States hospital ship Maine arrived here from South Africa this afternoon unexpectedly early. Lady Randolph Churchill, dressed in blue serge and a straw hat, with ribbon inscribed "A.H.S. Maine" (American Hospital Ship Maine), immediately after the vessel arrived boarded the Maine. Within an hour all the wounded men, in the hospital, were removed and placed on board a train bound for Netley.

MOVING TO THE STATES.

Japanese Employer of Labor Tells How His Countrymen Are Sent South of the Line.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, April 23.—T. H. Yamana, proprietor of a Japanese employment agency near Columbia avenue, said: "We all work together. If a Seattle or a Fresno agency want Japs they send here or Victoria. We give the Japs \$30 to pass the United States inspector. They then go back to the agent in the United States, who return it to us." This violates the United States contract labor and pauper immigrant laws. Many Japs crossed the international boundary at Point Roberts, which is across Boundary Bay from Blaine. At this point are a few isolated acres of United States territory. The Japs walk from Steveston and New Westminster, where they work on fish traps, etc., row across Boundary Bay to a point near Blaine, thence walk the railroad track to Whitcomb, whence they go to Sumas.

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The Famine In India

Terrible Stories of the Sufferings of the Natives From Hunger.

Children Are Being Sold by Their Parents—Present Relief Inadequate.

(Associated Press.)

Calcutta, April 23.—The latest official reports from the famine district say that the misery existing there is indescribable and unparalleled, and that the present relief is quite inadequate.

They add that the mortality among cattle is so severe that the authorities are trying to adapt farm implements so that human power can replace that of bullocks. One district lost one million out of 1,500,000 head, and almost numberless human beings were among the dead from starvation. In addition children were found wandering in all directions, homeless, naked and emaciated, and cases were reported of children being sold.

The official reports fully confirm the worst stories of the terrible nature of the distress.

UNITED STATES CLAIMS.

The Reply of the Turkish Government to American Representations.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, April 23.—The State Department has received through Lloyd Griscom, the United States charge at Constantinople, the reply of the Turkish government to the latest representations of the United States touching the American missionaries' claims.

It is gathered that the very brief outline of the Turkish response cabled from Constantinople to the effect that the American claimants must take their position along with those of other nations, do not convey accurately the tenor of the whole note, though it is admitted that it does set out properly one portion of it.

The opinion prevails in the diplomatic circles here that, assuming that the Turkish government has insisted on including the American claim with the others, it has placed a card of some strength, as it places the United States in a position of seeking to extort better terms from the Turks than are to be accorded to the claimants of other nations.

The State Department has determined not to abandon the preferential position respecting its claims that it has secured through the Sultan's own promises, so it is anticipated that an energetic response to this last note will be sent to the Porte through Mr. Griscom.

MR. MINTOSH AT OTTAWA.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, April 23.—C. H. McIntosh, who is running for Rossland district for a seat in the legislature of British Columbia is here. He says that Premier Martin's party will have no chance of being returned. Six seats in the Kootenay district will go against him. Mr. McIntosh is running against Smith (Curtis), minister of mines, and has no doubt of defeating him. McIntosh evidently sees in the contest a great chance for the Conservatives getting into power in the province.

Sir Hilbert Tupper has arrived from Vancouver.

THE JAPS.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, April 23.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the House to-day read a report from Mr. Parmelee, deputy minister of trade and commerce, pointing out that the great bulk of the Japanese arriving in British Columbia were merely in transit. As to Col. Pender's statement that they were paupers, Mr. Parmelee said this could not be, because the laws of Japan were such as would not permit any pauper to leave there.

MASSACRED BY "BOXERS."

Many Chinese Catholics Have Been Killed.

(Associated Press.)

Peking, April 23.—The "Boxers" society on Saturday massacred many Chinese Catholics near Pao Ting Fu, in the province of Pe Chi Li, southwest of Tientsin. The German gunboat Itz-arsch arrived at Taku on Saturday. Other foreign war vessels have left for those waters.

HANGED HIMSELF.

(Associated Press.)

Detroit, Mich., April 23.—Chas. G. Fletcher, secretary of the Trust Security and Safe Deposit Company, of this city, hanged himself yesterday in a barn in the rear of his residence. No reason for the deed can be given by his relatives, unless a recent illness had unbalanced his mind.

BRITISH SECURE MONOPOLY.

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, April 23.—Oriental advices just received state that Samuel & Co., an English firm, have ousted the Americans and other foreign firms and secured the Farman camp monopoly for ten years.

MONTREAL MINING MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

Montreal, April 23.—Stock exchange, morning board—War Eagle, 141, 130; Payette, 118, 117; Montreal & London, 31, 29; Republic, 106, 102; Sales—War Eagle, 500 at 140; Payette, 1,000 at 130; Montreal & London, 650 at 30; Republic, 900 at 108.



We Are Prompt, We are Careful and
We are Always at Our Post.

**Campbell's
PRESCRIPTION STORE**
Corner of Fort and Douglas Streets,
Victoria B. C.
For Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

Investment Continues

**Boers Striving to Capture the
Gallant Garrison Surrounded
at Wepener.**

**Activity of the Burghers Near
Elandslaagte-Shelled by the
Naval Brigade.**

London, April 22.—The meagre dispatches from South Africa clearly indicate renewed activity at all points where the British and Boer forces are in striking distance of each other. Interest for the moment centres at Dewetsdorp and Wepener, where fighting is in progress.

A special dispatch from Maseru dated Saturday, says: "The investment of Wepener continues. The Boers seem determined to do their utmost to capture the garrison before relief arrives. Severe fighting appears imminent."

The activity of the Boers at Elandslaagte apparently has failed to draw General Buller, if that was its object, into doing more than repel the attack made on his advance posts.

A Warrenton dispatch dated Saturday, says: "There has been intermittent and ineffective sniping by the Boers, who also fired a few shells, both during the day and night, at the station the past two days."

NEAR ELANDSLAAGTE.

**Burghers Come Through Wessel Nek
and Shell a Colliery.**

Elandslaagte, April 21.—A command of 1,000 Boers came through Wessel Nek this morning. They crossed Sunday's Bridge and advanced to the crest of a ridge, but fell back when they saw the mounted infantry who opened fire. The Boers shelled Elandslaagte colliery. Ten shells fell close to the mine but no damage. The work at the mine was stopped, but it is hoped will be resumed to-morrow.

The British guns opened fire. The naval brigade on the ridge sent a few shells in the direction of the Boer guns, which were posted on a long ridge, a thousand yards to the right of the bridge. They were difficult to locate, but the Boers were seen retreating over the hill toward Wessel Nek. Several of the shells caught them and must have done some damage.

Late in the day the Boers showed activity in the trenches on the ridges in front of Elandslaagte. A few 4.7 shells forced them to relinquish their works. This position was only 4,800 yards distant from Elandslaagte.

Boers at St. Helena.

St. Helena, April 21.—Much excitement and conjecture have been caused by the signalling of a French warship in Prosperous Bay on Thursday. The vessel was first seen close to the shore in a sandy bay south of the island. It then steamed in the direction of Jamestown and has not been seen since. Gen. Crooke with his wife and staff have been living in a nice little country house. Later they will remove to a larger one. The transport Lake Erie has arrived with 204 prisoners, including 24 officers. The health of the prisoners is good.

"Our Imperial Forces."

London, April 21.—Lord Strathcona responded to the toast "Our Imperial Forces" at the annual Press Club dinner to-night. He said that this form of toast was a great improvement over the old one of "Navy and Army and Auxiliary Forces," as it showed there was an Empire, and that England alone did not form the Empire, as without the colonies there could be no Empire, but the colonies were the Empire, and the men from Canada, he added, would be the last to assume that they had done more than their simple duty.

RUSH TO AFRICA.

"The Spectator" describes it as an "Outburst of Unhealthy Sentimentalism."

London, April 21.—The polite warning of the British High Commissioner in South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner, that English ladies are not needed at Cape Town forms the basis of a scathing article in the Saturday Review, which says:

"It is barely a year ago that the English press teemed with comments far from complimentary on the extravagant outburst of New York society over the return of Dewey and his sailors. But the harm effected by the ridiculous spectacle was limited to its personal results. There was no interference with military operations and the policy of the United States was in no way hampered. It is certain young ladies made themselves and their victims laughing stocks. Though morally the fruit of this same, sickly sentimentalism and love of notoriety, this descent of English society on the shores of South Africa is far worse. This rush to the front is only a particular, repulsive exhibition of a general outbreak of unhealthy sentimentalism, for which the war has afforded an oppor-

tunity. This sickly exotic, matured by the Kiplingism of the music halls and cherished by idle hands, bids fair to obscure its vigorous sturdy brother, which is spreading its roots throughout the Empire."

THE TURKISH DIFFICULTY.

London, April 21.—Inquiries made by the Associated Press regarding the attitude of Great Britain and other powers toward the American-Turkish difficulty reveals the fact that no one has the slightest intention of interfering in any way.

The British government officials do not disguise their delight at the firm stand taken by Washington and hope the Sultan's obstinacy will for once fail to accomplish its ends. Great Britain during past years has had much trouble in extracting payment of debts from the Sick Man of the East and appreciates the irritation displayed by the American government.

The British ambassador at Constantinople has informed the foreign office of the conditions existing, but merely verifying what has already been published.

QUEEN REVIEWS TROOPS.

Dublin, April 21.—Thousands of visitors arrived to-day to witness the Queen's review of the naval, cavalry and infantry brigades and the boys of the Royal Irish military school. Fifteen acres of Phoenix Park were occupied by the 10,000 soldiers and blue-jackets under the command of the Duke of Connaught. A royal salute at 4.15 p.m. announced the arrival of Her Majesty and the Princesses and a scene of great enthusiasm was presented. It is estimated that 200,000 persons witnessed the review. It was 6 o'clock before the evolution of the troops were completed. The cheering everywhere was tremendous, especially for the naval brigade.

REMARKABLE OPERATION.

New York, April 21.—In the presence of prominent surgeons from this and other cities, a part of one of the cervical vertebrae was last night removed from the spine of Franco Nicholi, an acrobat, who on Tuesday dislocated his spine. The operation was performed at Bellevue hospital by Dr. Curtis. The physicians who witnessed it say it was the most remarkable and successful operation of its kind ever performed.

DREADING AN OPERATION.

Worries of experimenting with valves, sutures and instruments, and dreading a surgical operation, scores and hundreds have turned to Dr. A. W. Chase, O.M.D., and found in it an absolute cure for the most terrible itching, and it is very seldom that more than one box is required to effect a permanent cure.

THE GRAIN FLEET.

Chicago, April 21.—As the result of a protest made by representatives of the lake marine interests against the lowering of water in the Chicago river caused by the drainage canal current, the sanitary trustees have ordered the controlling works at Lockport shut down until the stranded grain fleet can be towed out of the south branch. By to-night the grain fleet, which has wintered here, should be under way for Buffalo.

FOUND DEAD.

New York, April 21.—The body of a woman was found in the 59th street pond in Central Park to-day. There were no marks on the body or clothing, and nothing was found by which she could be identified.

"Blood tells." But we rarely recognize the fact except in times of stress and strain. A horse which looks like a "scrub" may beat another horse which seems the ideal of a racer, just by that one quality of good blood. Similarly men, who seem in the pink of condition drop down under the racing strain of business. Why? Blood tells. Men reckoned perfectly healthy start out for business, they make a run for the train, and collapse.

"Heart failure" they call it. Blood failure would be often the better name.

Take care of the blood and the body will take care of itself. It is the blood which builds the body. The blood indeed is the body. A sound body must be based on sound blood.

It is one of the peculiar properties of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery that it eliminates from the blood the effete and poisonous matter which is antagonistic to health. It also gives to the blood those elements which are necessary for its strength and vitality. Thus by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" purity of blood and power of body have been attained by thousands of sickly and scrofulous men and women.

No other medicine purifies the blood and builds the body as does the "Discovery." Accept no substitute.

"It gives me much pleasure to testify to the merits of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Miss Anna Wells, of Bergamo, Wharfedale, West Co., Va. "I can say honestly and candidly that it is the greatest medicine I have ever used. I suffered terribly with rheumatism, and pimples on the skin and swelling in my knees and feet so that I could not walk. I used about twenty dollars paying doctors' bills but received no benefit. A year or two ago I was the victim of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and I decided to try it. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are graduated to the requirements of woman's delicate system. They regulate the stomach, liver and bowels.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia, and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Dr. Pierce's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

Candidates at Colwood

**Mr. Fraser Deals With Political
Questions Before the Esqui-
malt Electors.**

**Mr. Higgins Explains His Atti-
tude to Messrs. Cotton
and Martin.**

Messrs. Fraser and Higgins discussed the political issues of the day with a gathering of electors from Esquimalt district in Colwood school house on Saturday night. The chair was occupied by Joseph Shaw and there were about twenty-five electors present.

Mr. Fraser, on taking the platform, affirmed that he was of the full age of twenty-one years, that he had been a practical farmer twenty-one years, and that he had been an elector of Sooke for four years. He dealt with two points which had been raised by Mr. Higgins, namely, that the elections should be brought on at once and the other the violence which the constitution had suffered. The first objection had been removed by the fact of the late of the election, while he thought that the other objection in regard to the constitutionality of the Governor sending for Mr. Martin, Mr. Higgins would now admit was perfectly proper. Mr. Martin should have time to complete his cabinet and revise the voters list. In this he was supported by his opponent, Mr. Charles Wilson.

Continuing, Mr. Fraser said that Mr. Martin was the only man capable of giving the country a strong government. This had been abundantly indicated by the stand he had taken against the introduction of Mongolian labor.

Mr. Fraser also expressed his admiration for the stand which his leader had taken against the C. P. R. and against separate schools when in Manitoba. He subscribed heartily to every plan in that platform. The Torrens land law would be of great benefit to farmers, while the 8-hour law would benefit the workmen. He also stated that the Martin government had settled the difficulties arising out of that law, which drew a return from the province of the borrowing of one million dollars to build roads, trails and bridges, and added that some of this money might be spent advantageously in Esquimalt. He also believed in keeping the annual expenditure within the annual revenue. Speaking of government ownership of the railways he contended that the province would be entitled to subsidies from the Dominion quite as much as private contractors. The repeal or modification of the alien exclusion bill and Mr. Martin's attitude in regard to the Crow's Nest matter were also commended.

Mr. Higgins being called on said this convention matter was a very pretty family quarrel, and he did not interfere. Remembering the old adage that "they who in quarrels interpose are apt to emerge with bloody noses" (Laughter.) He had not the time for a long address (A Voice—It's very late now), and he could not review Mr. Martin's platform entirely, but he would say that he was opposed to the government ownership of railways as a question of provincial policy. As a matter of fact, the Dominion would support it. He quoted figures to show that the Dominion had drawn millions from the province for which there had been no return. People who complained of Esquimalt roads should examine Victoria and Vancouver streets, which were infinitely worse. At Vancouver his friend, Mr. Fraser, might easily be hidden in one of the rats. He had stated at Sooke, and he would now repeat, that of the two men—Mr. Cotton and Mr. Martin—he preferred the latter, but he could imagine no circumstances arising that would induce him to support either.

Good measures would always meet with his support, no matter from whom emanating. In response to a question as to his attitude on the Chinese evil, he replied that the records of the House would show he had always voted against measures calculated to induce an influx of Orientals.

An elector asked why Mr. Higgins had left the Seimlin government? Mr. Higgins replied that the Seimlin government had left him by going to Mr. Helmecken, an oppositionist, and offering him a seat in the cabinet. Mr. Helmecken declined, but in making the offer Mr. Seimlin betrayed his party.

A voice—Did not Mr. Helmecken say on the floor of the House last session that the offer was made?

Mr. Higgins said he did not remember. He said that no proposal for a surrender of principles on either side was made. "But," Mr. Higgins asked, "how could the offer have been accepted without a surrender of principle on one side or other?" He had predicted the downfall of the government at the time the offer was made, and it had fallen, and justly too. Then there was the offer of a million dollars for the Pacific cable at a time when this district and all the districts were slumped in the voters for road work, and the falsification of the executive minute book. Either of these causes was sufficient to defeat even a stronger government.

A witty complaint of the change in the method of doing road work, and Mr. Higgins retorted that Mr. Witty had himself voted for a resolution at a meeting of 40 or 50 of the electors held in that very hall, less than two years ago, to bring about the change which he now condemned.

The chairman read a letter from John Scott advising the farmers to organize so as to protect their interests. The chairman further urged that the electors should give serious consideration to the question of getting a better road improvement system and the meeting then adjourned.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia, and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Dr. Pierce's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

Mining News

East Kootenay.

The North Star is now shipping 100 tons of ore daily.

It is learned that work on the Chicken Stone will be resumed shortly.

The work on the Golden Fire group is going on. The property is showing up well.

Work on the Mink Bear is going ahead with encouraging results. Manager Estey says he will make a shipment in a short time.

There is considerable work going on in the vicinity of Mass Creek. In fact it is stated that more mining will be done this year than in that section than any before.

Reports from the Sullivan are to the effect that the property is improving every day. Large bodies of ore are being blocked out. Shipments will commence in a short time.

Work is progressing steadily on the Estelle and the assays are more than satisfactory.

Considerable ore will be shipped from the Swanson mine, near Windermere, this summer.

R. O. Jennings is developing the Quantrell claim, below the North Star. A tunnel has been driven 50 feet and a winze is being sunk. It is not stated whether the winze is all ore or not, but that it is a fact that the ore is of solid ore and that the walls are well defined.

The active work which has been done on the Old Abe during the past winter is fast making it a mine of more than ordinary merit. The workings have been in operation since work was commenced four months ago. The lower tunnel is now in about 200 feet and a crosscut at this point has been run about 27 feet, and the lead here between walls is 24 feet, with an average width of four feet of ore. The tunnel will be extended 100 feet farther, a winze sunk and an upraise made to prove the property. The running of the upper tunnel was abandoned some time ago in order to prove the property at greater depth. It was run 78 feet in a six foot lead with three feet of ore.

The St. Eugene concentrator has now been running for a little over a week, and is giving every satisfaction. At present it is only running in the day time at the rate of 150 tons per day, though its capacity is 250 tons. It will be increased to its full capacity, however, as soon as the new addition is finished. There are now 100 men altogether on the company's payroll, and more are being taken on daily.

Slocan Mineral Plant.

The lower tunnel at the Ivanhoe is in 1100 feet.

Another strike of five feet of ore is reported from the Rambler-Cariboo.

It is said that the Chapin will erect a granite mill. Seventeen men are working on the property.

A fourth tunnel has been started at the Hewitt. It will tap the ore a little over 400 feet from the surface.

Wm. McMaster will have charge of the work to be done by the group under the new company, which takes charge on May 1st.

The Minnesota Silver Co. will commence the erection of their concentrator at Sandon in a few days. It will have a capacity of 150 tons daily.

Eighty tons of ore are being run daily through the Wakefield concentrator, making 10 tons of concentrates. The mill can handle 100 tons a day.

The Silver Star mill commenced running last week. The force at the mine will soon be complete. A new body of ore has been found in the west drift.

It will be impossible to ship any ore from the Enterprise for 15 days or more. A land slide carried away about 100 feet of the roadbed, and the same will have to be cribbed up before any hauling can be done.

The second payment on the Silver Tip bond was made last week to H. Hess and Chas. Miller by S. Schwander, acting for the Morris Syndicate. The final payment on the \$45,000 bond will be made October 1st.—New Denver Ledger.

THE HEALTH HABIT.

Just as Easy to Form as Any Other.

We do not deliberately form our pet habits, but they are unconsciously acquired and grow as we grow, and by the time we learn they are hurting us, we find them too strong to be easily broken.

"Then, why not form a good habit, a habit which will counteract the many bad ones, in other words contract the unfashionable habit of being always well."

The best health habit to get into is to have and keep a vigorous stomach—if you have a healthy digestion you can drink your beloved coffee, smoke your favorite brand of tobacco, with little or no harm; the mischief begins when these things are forced upon the faithful stomach, without any assistance.

From the habit of taking after meals some harmless but efficient digestive which will relieve the stomach of so much extra work.

Stuart's Tablets, as with such digestives, and when they are combined in such a pleasant preparation as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, they give the over-worked stomach just the necessary assistance to secure perfect digestion without any of the harmful effects of cathartics and similar drugs.

The habit of taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals is as necessary to the weak stomach, as food itself, and indeed to get the benefit from food eaten, nothing better and certainly nothing safer can be used.

Many families consider Stuart's Tablets as essential in the house as knives and forks.

They consist entirely of natural digestive principles without the effect or characteristics of drugs; they have no cathartic action, but simply go to work on the food eaten and digest it.

Take into account your bad habits and the expense they entail and then invest fifty cents in a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and see if your digestion for the next month is not vastly improved.

Ask the clerk in any drug store the name of the most successful and popular remedy for indigestion and he will say "Stuart's."

Tiller Mahon, 11 years old, died at her home, 73 First Avenue, New York, of aplasia medullaris, caused, as far as the family physician has been able to ascertain, by too much skipping the rope.

DIRASTROUS FLOODS.

Houses Carried Away and Thousands of Head of Cattle Drowned.

Miriden, Miss., April 21.—The extensive rains that have prevailed over Mississippi and parts of Alabama for seven days, making the rivers and smaller streams of these states rise to an unprecedented extent and overflow the lowlands, are causing suffering and loss of property never known before. Thousands of acres of farming lands have been devastated, houses have been floated away, and thousands of head of cattle, sheep and hogs, and fowls have been drowned. Railroad traffic has been severely interfered with, and in some of the small towns neither freight, express nor mail has arrived for four days. Feats of a scarcity in food stuff are entertained in some communities. The loss to the railroads in traffic and property is incalculable.

At Jackson, the state capital, the situation is considered most serious, than at any other locality. The city is threatened with a water famine, as the waters of the Pearl river has risen to such an extent that the fires under the boilers at the waterworks and pumping station have been put out by the high water. The city is also surrounded on three sides by the backwaters of the Pearl river.

DEATH OF REV. C. BEECHER.

Haverhill, Mass., 21.—Rev. Charles Beecher, a brother of the late Henry Ward Beecher, died to-day at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G. F. Noyes, in Gorton.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best in the world. A few weeks ago we suffered with a severe cold and a troublesome cough, and having read their advertisements in our own and other papers we purchased a bottle to see how it would affect us. It cured us before the bottle was more than half used. It is the best medicine out for colds and coughs.—The Herald, Andersonville, Ind.

For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

The official announcement is made that Capt. Middleton and the reducing troops have reached Kinnisno. No details are given, but the situation is considered very much more hopeful, although there is great uncertainty as to the outcome of the uprising.

IT DAZZLES THE WORLD.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one-quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Its several tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by F. W. Farwell & Co., who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial-bottles free.

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SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

CASTORIA

900 DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Fac-Simile Signature of

NEW YORK.

35 Doses—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, Hull, P. O.

James Mitchell, Agent, Victoria and Vancouver, B. C.

Offers superior advantages to those having occasion to pack BUTTER, LARD, HONEY, JAM, or anything else of a perishable nature, as it preserves the contents in a fresh, healthy condition an indefinite length of time.

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OUR WATCHWORD:
Your Dollar Buys Most Where Hangs the Sign



THE DOMINION TRADING STAMP CASH SYSTEM.

OUR WATCHWORD:
Your Dollar Buys Most Where Hangs the Sign



Trading Stamps are Discounts and Discounting is a recognized principle in every business, and the Dominion Trading Stamp System is acknowledged to be the simplest, safest, most perfect and most satisfactory ever devised.

We have had plenty of Imitators, but through bad management, want of capital and consequent inability to gain public confidence they have always ended in failure. We have only to call your attention to the brief and glorious career of The People's Trading Stamp Company in Vancouver.

If a Company intend to make a success of their business, their object must be an honorable one. Some merchants in Vancouver have learned to their sorrow that LENDING their name and support to a Company whose real object was to do away with what they were supposed to be promoting, has been most unprofitable.

Merchants desiring to give Trading Stamps to their customers should give stamps that are secured and protected by a reliable and responsible Company. The merchant is morally responsible for every Stamp he gives out, and the merchant who gives Stamps that he knows are not good or not likely to be properly redeemed, is doing a grave injustice to his customers and endangering his entire business.

No merchant who values his reputation will offer his customers imitation goods. For the same reason he should not offer them IMITATION STAMPS. There are hundreds in Vancouver who have been deceived by our imitators, but, we take it, Victoria citizens are too intelligent to give their support to any system that could not exist in the city where it originated.

Do not be misled by the latest form of imitation: "WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS."

See that the merchant gives TRADING STAMPS, not IMITATIONS, before you make your purchases.



THE DOMINION TRADING STAMP CO., LTD.,

Corner Fort and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.



Richer Than Nome

Wonderfully Rich Gravel Found
One Hundred Miles Further North.

Stampeders Rush to the New
Find From All Parts of
Nome District.

Further advices from Cape Nome gives news of a rich strike about a hundred miles east from the main camp. The find was made by Ali Morenci on December 22nd, and he arrived at Nome with the news on Christmas Day. He reports gravel which goes \$30 to the pan. Morenci claims that the district located by him will prove the richest ever found in the far north.

J. D. Morgan, who reached here by the Cottage City, confirms the news of this new strike. He said:

"A number of new strikes of importance have been made before we left. Ali Morenci's strike was the most sensational one. I know the man well, and I am confident that he has not exaggerated the nature of it. Ali left Nome early in December of last year, striking due east from Nome. We saw nothing of him again until December 22nd, when he returned to Nome with a story which fairly paralyzed the people. He said that about 100 miles east of Nome he had prospected for a day, and had found ground which looked very promising. Further investigation proved it to be wonderfully rich. The ground was carefully panned and it was found to run about \$30 to the pan in most instances. It was not, he said, necessary to sink to bed rock to find dirt of this richness. Gold was found first almost at the grass roots, and as he went deeper the precious metal could almost be seen glittering in the sand. The gold he brought out with him was of fine quality, and would go about \$18 to the ounce.

"Of course, Ali's discovery set people wild, and many left for the new diggings. But new strikes have been of such frequent occurrence of late in the district, and in the district adjacent to Nome, that every man in the place can almost see himself wealthy. Morenci's news was not confirmed up to the time I left, but few people at Nome doubt his word. He says that he has no object in misleading the miners, and it would, he realizes, be a very serious matter for him if he did so.

"The Nome district proper is falling into the background as the new discoveries are brought to light. The discoveries at Bonanza, which is twenty-two miles this side of Nome, have set the miners crazy. There seems to be gold everywhere in the district around Bonanza. Why, on Shovel creek some of the claims are held at \$1,000,000. The

holders, in fact, do not want to sell at any price. The gold is there in large quantities, and they intend to stay to get it out. Bonanza will, no doubt, turn out a number of millionaires.

"The fact that such rich discoveries are being made outside of the Nome district has given the people the impression that they are now in the richest gold district in the world. I have this impression myself. When the first news went out last year, the country around Nome had not been prospected. The work of the miners during the month of December is just beginning to be known. Interest in the beach diggings has ceased with the discoveries made at Bonanza and to the east of Nome.

"Morenci says that when the full extent of his discovery is made public there will be a rush to the district from every part of Alaska. He says that he sees a fortune in sight from the grass roots of his claims."

News has reached here from Rampart on the Yukon of rich finds on Little Manook. A letter from there says: "Out of Little Manook more gold will be shipped this year than was ever taken out before. And even with eight men, on No. 8, there has been \$5,000 taken out in coarse gold that was picked out of the dump. Some of the pay runs up to \$25 a pan and is fairly regular in the richest spots. The majority of the people on this creek are bound to make money this year."

TRINIDAD'S COMMERCE.

Kingston, Jam., April 21.—The Trinidad legislature has formally ratified the second reciprocity treaty with the United States. The merchants are hostile to this preferring reciprocal treaty relations with Canada.

Antigua is so crippled financially, that Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, says the island will be unable to recover the loss of revenue involved in the proposed treaty with the United States.

ARE THE
children growing nicely?
Stronger each month? A
trifle heavier? Or is one of
them growing the other
way? Growing weaker,
growing thinner, growing
paler? If so, you should try

Scott's Emulsion.
It's both food and medicine.
It corrects disease. It makes
delicate children grow in
the right way—taller,
stronger, heavier, healthier.

INTERESTING ADDRESS

Delivered by Dr. Goggin at the Closing
Meeting of the Teachers' Con-
vention at Vancouver.

At the closing meeting of the British Columbia Teachers' Institute a splendid address was delivered by Dr. Goggin, superintendent of education in the Northwest Territories, on "The Teaching of Morals in the Public Schools." After prefacing his address with the quotation that "The great object of education is the preparation of the individual for a life in institutions—the preparation of each individual for social combinations," Dr. Goggin explained that the four cardinal institutions were the Family, the Vocation, the State and the Church.

In discussing education it was necessary to remember the function of each cardinal institution and its accompanying school. No one institution should be blamed for all defects nor any institution for the failure in duty of another, and Dr. Goggin drew attention to the attempts made to debit the common schools with shortcomings not fairly chargeable to its account. To illustrate: When he had been called upon to notice the behavior of some young hoodlums and had been told "that was the measure of your schools," he promptly retorted "that was the measure of your homes." History showed that formerly all these institutions had been dominated by the Church, and had been moulded in accordance with religious needs; but since the State had assumed control it had been moulded in accordance with political (the word was used in its highest sense) needs.

All the schools that reinforced these cardinal institutions had to deal with an individual, with a threefold nature, viz., physical, intellectual and practical. The physical side should lead to correct living, on the intellectual side to correct thinking, on the practical side to correct habits of action. No part of this threefold nature could be acted upon without affecting the other two. Intellectual and moral development were but two sides of one line of growth. The common schools had two great functions, instruction and discipline. Dr. Goggin said he did not know how morals were being taught in British Columbia, but he had come in contact with an earnest body of new women, whose work would produce good results in character.

Then again there were four elements in moral training—knowledge, right motives, opportunity for choice, combined practice till habit was established. He emphasized the importance of teaching the boy to act from right motives, and instilled the high sense of duty that impelled Lord Roberts, in spite of his own personal loss, and the fact that he was entitled to rest, to offer himself for service in South Africa. This part of moral teaching formed the great ground work for all other training and was a point that was too much neglected in school education. In speaking of the

formation of habit, he said we should learn to be good by doing good.

In dealing with the duties to self Dr. Goggin said that a boy's intellect should be trained so that he would think for himself. The minor morals should be particularly looked after, all those little things which went to distinguish the gentleman from the boor. Futility of "thought, word and deed should be taught the boy until it was a part of his nature. He showed this quality in Gen. Grant by the following story: An officer came into Gen. Grant's headquarters on the field one day saying: "I have such a fine story; there are no ladies present, of course," "No," said Gen. Grant, "but there are gentlemen." Truthfulness was another point. In these days of white lies, social lies and expedient statements, it was needful to set forth the fact that truth had quite as much to do with the impression part of words employed. We should state the truth, with no exaggeration and coloring for effect. Under the head of duties to others he took up courtesy and said we should remember

"That manners are not idle, but the fruit of loyal nature, and of noble mind."

After dwelling on the subject of politeness and the importance of a good example, Dr. Goggin closed with what he designated the words of the Golden Dreamer, which were in part: "O, former schoolmaster, remember the exceeding dignity of our calling. It is not the holiest, but it runs near and parallel to the holiest, a noble calling, but a perilous. Our business it is to lead the Lord's little ones into green pastures by the side of refreshing streams. Let us into our linguistic lessons introduce cunningly and imperceptibly all kinds of amusing stories, stories of the real kings of the world, the great men of the world, and uncorrected, leaving the vain show of power to gilded toy-kings and make-believe statements; of the angels that have walked the earth in the guise of holy men and holier women; of the seraph singers whose music will be the echoing forever of the cherubim of power, that with the mighty wind of conviction and enthusiasm have winnowed the air of pestilence and superstition. Then in the coming days, when you are fast asleep under the green grass, they will not speak lightly of you over their wine, mimicking your accent and retelling dull, insipid boy pleasanties, for unknown to us there were made therein three tabernacles, one for us, one for our schoolmaster and one for Him who is the Friend of all children, and the Master of all schoolmasters. Oh, believe me, brother mine, where two or three children are met together, unless He who

is the spirit of gentleness be in the midst of them, then our Latin is but sounding brass, and our Greek a tinkling cymbal."

UNFOUNDED RUMOR.

A Report That Rev. Mr. Gibson Had Confessed to the Crime for Which Durrant Was Executed.

A rumor was started in Montreal a few days ago that Rev. Mr. Gibson, who was pastor of Emmanuel Baptist church in San Francisco when Blanche Williams and Minnie Lamont were found murdered in the belfry, had died in Chicago and before dying had confessed to having committed the crime for which Theodore Durrant was hanged. The rumor was published by the Montreal papers, and travelled across the continent through the gossip of operators. When the rumor reached San Francisco it was promptly denied by the "dead" preacher. In a letter to the press Rev. Mr. Gibson says: "During the Durrant trial I was willing to bear my share of trouble, and no one ever accused me of saying bitter things about my critics. Five years and more have passed since the murders were committed. I have remained in the city and in the same church. People have had every opportunity to test my character. My ability as a minister has also been proven by the fact that I have been successful, in spite of all the troubles."

"Now, after all these years, the Eastern papers are publishing the fact that I am dead, after having made a confession of the two murders. I have had the doubtful pleasure of reading my death in three papers, and the news is going around. Had I retired into obscurity there might be some ground for the statement of my death, but here I am in a great city, passing to and fro hundreds of people every Sunday."

"I do not like complaining now, for it seems like persecution from which I have no protection. I have remained at my post and stood every test that the public has applied to me. In spite of all plans formed against me, the church has prospered, and if I am not mistaken I do not occupy the lowest place in the San Francisco ministry."

"It is unusual for a man to ask a paper to announce that he is alive. I ask you to do it, however, in the hope that the Eastern papers, after a long while, may get the news. J. George Gibson."

THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED.

We do business in a way that merits the public confidence. All that is demanded in a first-class drug store. Our stock of perfumes, toilet requisites and preparations meet with the approval of the most critical modern buyers. The Family Medicine.

At all times of Canada's make Paine's Celery Compound a family medicine. Our sales of this wonderful disease-banisher are on the increase every week. Paine's Celery Compound never disappoints the ailing and sick.

Dean & Blacocks, Druggists, Corner Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B.C.



THE CARRYING OF ARMS.

Strikers' Attorneys Claim They Were Within Their Rights.

New York, April 21.—The twenty strikers from the Cornell dam arrived to-day at White Plains, N. Y. Before the county judge their attorneys moved for the dismissal of the prisoners on constitutional grounds. They pointed out that article 2 of the constitution of the United States gave citizens the right to bear arms and declared that those rights should not be infringed upon. They said there was no statute or law prohibiting the carrying of arms, outside of an incorporated city privilege, and that Cornell Dam was not incorporated.

The strikers were held in \$2,000 bonds each, to await the action of the grand jury.

HAYTI SETTLED.

Kingston, Jam., April 21.—Mail news received here to-day from Hayti says the army there is in a high state of discipline and prepared for any eventualities. The native police, it is admitted, are closely watched and the finances under Minister Faunt are satisfactory. The officials are receiving their stipends regularly. President Sam is receiving popular support and the bulk of the people are apparently tired of revolution.

France is said to be putting pressure on the Republic for preferential treatment of France's manufactures. Failing this, France threatens to levy a prohibitive duty on Haytian coffee. There is popular uneasiness over this feature of the situation.

REMARKABLE CURE OF RHEUMATISM.

Kennas, Jackson Co., W. Va.

About three years ago my wife had an attack of rheumatism which confined her to her bed for over a month and rendered her unable to walk a step without assistance, her limbs being swollen to double their normal size. Mr. S. Maddox insisted on my using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I purchased a fifty-cent bottle and used it according to the directions and the next morning she walked to breakfast without assistance in any manner, and she has not had a similar attack since. A. R. Parsons, For sale by Hon. Messrs. Ross, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

MISSIONARIES IN SESSION.

New York, April 21.—There gathered to-day in Carnegie's Hall more than 2,000 missionaries from almost every corner of the globe. For ten years preparations have been under way for this meeting, known as the Reunited Conference on Foreign Mission. It is the third of its kind ever held. Every branch of the Christian church is represented, except the Roman Catholic, the Greek church and branch of Anglican church known as the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. The sessions will last until May 1st.

Asthma Can Be Cured

AND IS BEING PERMANENTLY CURED DAILY BY CLARKE'S KOLA COMPOUND. HERE'S WHAT A HAMILTON LADY SAYS:

Mrs. Gilbert, 106 Rebecca street—Hamilton, writes: "I suffered from a bad form of asthma for over nine years, and, notwithstanding all the various remedies I have used, I was unable to get any relief. I spent money lavishly in the efforts to get relief, but all to no purpose. For six weeks at a time I could not get up or down stairs, and was in a miserable condition. My daughter, who clerk in a drug store, had heard a good deal of Clarke's Kola Compound, and urged me to try it as a last resort. I paid \$2 for a bottle, but that is nothing, for it is worth more than that for every tenacious cough. Two doses gave me splendid relief, and after using but one bottle I am a marvel to all who know me. I am doing my own work, can get around as well as ever, and feel like a new creature. Clarke's Kola Compound has been a God-send to me, and I look upon it as a marvelous remedy. You may use this testimony as you see fit, and I shall be glad to give further particulars to anyone enquiring. I gratefully endorse Clarke's Kola Compound."

Sold by all druggists. A free sample will be sent to any person troubled with this disease. Enclose six cents in stamps. Address The Griffiths and Macpherson Co., Limited, 121 Church street, Toronto, Ont.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The best family medicine. It is so gentle and so effective. It is the only medicine that can be given to infants and children. It is the only medicine that can be given to the sick and the weak. It is the only medicine that can be given to the old and the young. It is the only medicine that can be given to the rich and the poor. It is the only medicine that can be given to the healthy and the sick. It is the only medicine that can be given to the strong and the weak. It is the only medicine that can be given to the brave and the cowardly. It is the only medicine that can be given to the wise and the foolish. It is the only medicine that can be given to the good and the bad. It is the only medicine that can be given to the honest and the dishonest. It is the only medicine that can be given to the true and the false. It is the only medicine that can be given to the pure and the impure. It is the only medicine that can be given to the clean and the dirty. 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The New Vancouver
Cool Mining & Land Co.
LIMITED.
Supply from their Nanaimo, Southside and Protection Island Collieries.

Steam Coal
of the following grades:
Double Screened Lump,
Run of the Mine,
Washed Nut and Screenings.

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Published every day (except Sunday) by

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W. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor the Times," Victoria, B. C.

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- KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates street.
- H. GEO. MASON, Dawson Hotel Entrance, Yates street.
- VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
- N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
- F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government street.
- GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government streets.
- A. W. WALKER (Swiss Grocery), Regent street.
- W. WILBY, 41 Douglas street.
- MRS. CHOOK, Victoria West post office.
- W. BRIDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.

Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

PREMIER AND ORIENTALS.

The declared intention of Mr. Martin to re-enact the provincial legislation bearing on Orientals which has been disallowed by the Dominion government, at the request of the Imperial authorities, as often as it is vetoed, has too much of the ring of the proclamation of a political bravo to make much impression. Of what avail will it all be? The relations of the British government with that of Japan are well known and it is not likely that it will be induced to deviate from the course it has mapped out for itself at the instance of the Premier of British Columbia, even if he were supported in his headstrong attitude by a majority of the people. While we remain a part of the Empire we must be content to bear our share of its burdens, which hitherto have been very light. If the Premier had been sincerely desirous of guarding against the encroachments of Orientals on the field of white workmen he could have supported the legislation which was introduced at the late session of the House, and which had at least a good chance of passing the Senate. The policy Mr. Martin advocates will merely hamper the Imperial authorities in their foreign relations, embarrass the Dominion government and leave British Columbia as she was before. We have not the slightest doubt that the bill proposed to be introduced by the Dominion government, supplemented possibly by the co-operation of the Japanese authorities in reasonable measures for the regulation of immigration, will effectively prevent the arrival of such numbers of Japanese as to endanger the future of British Columbia as a British province. The Japanese are well known to be an independent, progressive people, and they are not likely to force their presence on a community which objects to them. Their government also is anxious to keep them at home, and if the present evidence shows any signs of becoming a permanent one we may expect to hear of measures to counteract it. The trade of British Columbia with Japan is also constantly increasing and it is not desirable that it should be

checked by any legislation which would wound the sensibilities of the people.

BOERS' FORLORN HOPE.

President Kruger has once more informed the representative of an American paper that the Boers are willing to make great sacrifices to preserve their independence. This may be taken to indicate that they would now consent to grant justice to British subjects in the matter of the franchise and to remedy other glaring abuses; but it is too late. Their past has risen up in judgment against them; they cannot be trusted. The only way to make a clean job of it is to raise the Union Jack over the whole of South Africa and place all races on an absolute equality. The Boer leaders may prolong the struggle by contriving to instill into the minds of their followers the belief that intervention is at hand. They are ignorant people, know little of the world generally, and nothing at all of diplomatic forces, and seem to have more faith in the veracity of their chiefs than their records warrant. Even if Mr. Webster Davis succeeds in his mission of rousing a certain amount of feeling against Britain by his lying appeals to the class of Americans opposed to everything British; even if he succeeds in getting resolutions through the conventions of both political parties shortly to meet in preparation for the forthcoming presidential elections; even if Oom Paul's agents in Europe contrive to enlist the support of some of the continental nations in his cause, and even if the whole of them were to band together and protest it would not turn the British government from the course it has laid down and which it will at all hazards carry to a conclusion.

STREET PAVING.

It is satisfactory to know that it is now proposed to deal with the question of permanent street pavements in an energetic manner. In a city with the natural beauties of Victoria it is disgraceful that the eye should be offended with such disagreeable looking business thoroughfares, and we hope the present is no ephemeral agitation, but something that will endure until the whole business portion of the city will be as Fort street. The aldermen responsible for the scheme which will be discussed to-night no doubt recognize the fact that they run some risk in placing the proposition before the board—it is never a popular thing to advocate increased taxation—but we cannot have improvements without paying for them, and it is imperative that Victoria should have streets such as other cities far less able to afford them have had for years, and have received benefits therefrom which would have accrued to us if we had had more enterprise and regard for outward appearances. Surely it is time Victorians should be able to take a trip to neighboring cities without coming back home and instituting comparisons so unfavorable to themselves.

DISMEMBERMENT OF BRITAIN.

The Chicago Record has discovered that the Australian colonies are on the point of throwing off the yoke of Britain and setting up in business for themselves. We are doubtful about the authenticity of the Record's story for various reasons, not the least of which is the fact that the burden of British connection is very light indeed and the yoke so easy as scarcely to be felt. Another reason is that a representative of the same paper alleged he found in Canada a strong sentiment in favor of annexation to the United States, and we are naturally driven to the conclusion that this correspondent is sent out with instructions to discover just such movements as those mentioned above, and be naturally faithfully performs the work for which he is paid. It was probably the same enterprising gentleman who later alleged that Canada was not likely to sacrifice her chance of annexation to the United States for the doubtful advantage of Imperial Protection. We look for some sensational articles in papers on the other side when the editors fully grasp the significance of Sir Charles Tupper's tirade against the alleged designs of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to tax Canadians for their share in the defence of the Empire. That great speech will furnish proof positive of the imminence of an uprising against British tyranny.

The ground for the alleged desire of the Australians for release from the bonds which at present bind them to the Empire is found in the slight hitch that has occurred in London over the question of the Privy Council of Britain remaining the final court of appeal in case of dispute over interpretation of the new federal constitution. There is very little doubt of an amicable settlement of the matter, as the experience of Canada has proved that there is nothing in such a provision incompatible with the utmost freedom of the self-governing colonies.

It is curious to notice what appears to be a growing desire on the part of the majority of American newspapers to discover evidences of the approaching disruption of the British Empire. At the present time, when it is evident to all impartial observers that the Empire is being irresistibly drawn together and the ties sealed in a way that would appear to make them as enduring and strong as such forces can be made in this world of change, it seems to be considered necessary in certain quarters to display greater assiduity in rooting

out evidences of disintegration. The fact is that certain republicans, who consider it necessary to worship their particular form of government as a sort of fetish, are constrained by the faith that is in them to look upon the growth and prosperity of Britain as a sort of standing reproach to them and their institutions and been convinced that nothing short of a catastrophe to us will completely vindicate their particular form of government. The sight of all the colonies rushing to the aid of the Mother Country in a quarrel that has been forced upon her by an alleged republic has apparently satisfied statesmen of this stamp that this is an opportune time to once more point out that the fate which awaits all forms of government not laid on what they conceive to be enduring foundations is rapidly overtaking the Empire of Britain, hence the publication of such articles as that in the Record. If our American friends would take the trouble to investigate the system of administration under which we live and realized that it is really the most democratic in the world, insuring the greatest amount of freedom compatible with true liberty in the pursuit of happiness, they might be willing to admit the possibility of our institutions proving quite as permanent as their own.

Why should Dewey's decision to run for president be received on all sides as such a preposterously absurd ambition on the part of the admiral, or even of his wife? Many presidents have had no more political experience than Dewey has had, and yet they have filled the chair with ability. Again, why is it so universally admitted that the hero of Manila has fallen from a great height and is demeaning himself in aspiring to the highest position in the gift of the people of the United States? Does it mean that any man must ministerialize himself through the mire who indulges in presidential aspirations?

One would naturally think that in a great nation like the United States a presidential election might be fought out on other issues than questions of the attitude of either party to another great power admittedly on friendly terms with the republic. In a short time the world will witness the spectacle of the leaders of the two parties engaged in a tail-twisting contest for the purpose of swinging the German and Irish vote to one side or the other and the British laughing at the sight.

The farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest have one grievance against the Dominion government—that they did not make a sufficient reduction in the duty on agricultural implements. Now a Conservative member asserts that a reduction of duty of about 15 per cent. has had the effect of increasing prices and logically he is in favor of placing the duty at the old figures in order to bring the prices down again. This is a delightful sample of Tory reasoning.

Mayor Hayward says he will not be a candidate for a seat in the Legislature at the coming election. His Worship says he intends to devote all his energies at the present time to his civic duties, but his letter is open to the construction that at some future date he may be aspiring to what some consider higher honors. His name was certainly mentioned among his friends as one that might be placed before the convention to-night.

A Conservative member of parliament contends that the reduction of the duty on farming implements from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent. has had the effect of increasing prices enormously. If that be the case, what have the Canadian manufacturers to fear from the British preference?

Not a newspaper or a public man in the United Kingdom has held out the slightest hope of the abandonment of free-trade by the people of Great Britain, yet Sir Charles Tupper says four-fifths of the members of parliament are in favor of his scheme to give Canada a preference.

A man of letters who visited Washington recently appeared at but one dinner party during his stay. Then he sat next to the daughter of a noted naval officer. Her vocabulary is of a kind peculiar to extremely young girls, but she rattled away at the famous man without a moment's respite. It was during the pause in the conversation that she said to him: "I'm awfully stuck on Shakespeare. Don't you think he's terribly interesting?"

Everybody listened to hear the great man's reply, for as a Shakespearean scholar he has few peers. "Yes," he said, solemnly. "I do think he is interesting. I think he is more than that. I think Shakespeare is just simply too cute for anything."

PRETORIANS LEARN WHY.

The meeting between George Shephard, of Paris, Ont., and Commandant Pretorius, the imprisoned Boer general, as told by Shephard in a letter to his friends, compares in interest with any paragraph in the war written by any of the famous correspondents out there. The young Canadian private has the instinct of a writer, and his report of the interview deserves to be preserved, and we reproduce it here:

"While at the hospital on Thursday I saw some wounded Boer prisoners, among whom was Commandant Pretorius, of whom you have heard. I spoke to him for a few minutes and he said, 'You are a Canadian.' 'Yes,' I replied, 'I have just arrived.' 'Well, my boy, would you kindly tell me why it is that you have left

a peaceful civil life to come out here to fight a selfish war and endure all the hardships of the field. I am not surprised at the action of the English or Cape volunteers, but I puzzle me why you identify yourself with the quarrel. I don't suppose,' he said curiously, 'that it was the mere love of fighting that brought you here.' I told him it was not so much to actually assist England as to show the world the unity of the Empire, and to show that if one part of the Empire is touched all are hurt. He did not say anything for a while, but stroked his beard and appeared lost in thought. I asked him how he was treated. He said, shortly, 'that he had nothing to complain of, and, as he appeared abstracted in manner, I bade him good-bye.'

SAUCE FOR THE GOOSE, ETC.

The army officer should be put on the side footing as his brother of the navy. If the ships of any fleet were found to be constantly touching on well known dangers to navigation, if vessels were taken full speed ahead into uncharted waters, if the land were made during the night unrecognizable, if narrow channels and narrow shelves of collisions were of weekly occurrence, then, courts-martial would be constantly sitting in that fleet, and reprimands, dismissals from the ship, or from the service, and degradations to the bottom of the list would follow fast, and follow faster. Why is the austere discipline which is imposed on gentlemen who serve Her Majesty at sea too cruel, or too brutal, or too what not for their brothers and cousins who serve on land? Apparently it must be, for we have could demonstrate that conduct which in a naval officer would be considered "unofficer-like," or to amount to "reckless navigation," or passed unpunished among soldiers. And what is the inevitable result? Simply that unspeakable behavior is held disgraceful, and is painfully avoided in the navy, while its equivalent does not appear to entail discredit, and is therefore not shunned, in the army.

DAVID'S TRIBUNE.

Mr. W. H. Ellis, for fourteen years manager of the Victoria Colonist, has resigned that position and will probably embark in some other enterprise in the near future. There are very few men in Canada better qualified for the position of manager of a newspaper than Mr. Ellis. He knows the business from top to bottom, and under his direction the Colonist grew from a very crude publication into one of the most useful and most influential papers in the West. Mr. Ellis's many friends on the provincial press will wish him success in whatever enterprise he may engage.

THE QUEEN'S WISE DECISION.

The Queen was right not to go on the Continent this year. An attempt to assassinate her, or to induce any personal insult, would have driven the whole Empire mad with fury, and though such an attempt was not probable, it is clear that in passing through Belgium she might have been in danger. Her Majesty has mastered the Belgian press, the common folk, especially the Flemings, who are under clerical influence, are saturated with hatred of England, and we wish we saw the result of vitriolic speech and bitter journalism.

TOMMY ATKINS TO MR. KIPPLING.

London Truth.
You've done us lots of kindness, Mr. Kipling, in the past.
You've taught that we are human, any how.
But I do not like the things as you have said of us the last—
Not it's jolly hard of you to state us now.
I am a blooming Tommy, but I've saved a pound or two.
And I've applied to my old woman on the square;
So I take my pen in Africa to write these lines to you.
For to say I do not think your words is fair.

Our job! Your job! Yours may bring most praise;
(Get twenty-five down for a song and give it all away!)
But whether one writes, or sings, or fights in these advertising days,
To boom your work is the way to make it pay—pay—pay!

We're not all absent-minded, and our weaknesses is not.
Always reports it was not from a personal standpoint, but to show that the information which had been given to the press was entirely foreign to the facts in the case.

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Freight Cars vs. Bicycles.

The man who builds freight cars could hardly build a fine bicycle. And the men who make coarse shoes could not succeed in making the fine gentlemen's shoe you want to wear.

The "Slaters Shoe" is made in the only

factory in Canada where only gentlemen's fine shoes are made.

Goodyear welted, sole stamped with makers' trade mark and price: \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

Shoes by mail. Catalogue free.

J. FULLERTON AND J. H. BAKER, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

YE MERRIE ANGLERS

TROUT SEASON STARTS ON 16TH

We have a complete line of fishing tackle, and invite your inspection. Scotch flies a specialty at.

FOX'S 78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

STREET PAVING.

To the Editor.—Will you kindly allow me space in your columns to make a few statements regarding the much-talked-of matter of street paving? It is very desirable that there should be no misunderstanding on the part of the public in this matter, taking it for granted, as I do, that we are all united in one thing, and that is that we want the paving to be proceeded with. That it may be clearly understood, I wish to take the subject up from the first move in connection with it. The paving last year of a portion of Fort street seemed to create in the minds of everyone the desire to see the work continued as rapidly as possible on all the business streets. For a number of seasons, certain parts of Broad and Yates streets were selected as the next to be done, and accordingly, motions were passed by the council in the latter part of last year that they be paved with wooden blocks under the local improvement system. It being at the time thoroughly understood by every member of the council that the carrying out of this work must depend upon the success at the coming session of the legislature in procuring the needed amendment to the Local Improvement Act, it never being suggested that the city's share of the cost of this work should be taken out of the general revenue required for street purposes. We failed in securing the amendment to the act, and it was clear to all the members of the present council, I might say, except the mayor, that we must either provide the money by way of raising a special amount for the purpose or abandon the undertaking for this year. It has been stated in both the city papers that it was the intention of the council to divert the money intended for paving to other purposes. Such was not the case. At a meeting of the council held about a month ago it was shown that of the funds to be appropriated for general street improvement for the year there remained about eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for distribution throughout the city, nothing like a sufficient amount to meet the requirements already before the council. It was then that the mayor, for the first time, urged that the city's share for paving the two streets in question be taken out of the general revenue, for street purposes. The city's share of the cost of the work, as estimated by the engineer, is \$8,640. The council decided, and I think rightly, that it would be unfair to the city at large to thus put all the funds available on two streets, and let a large amount of much-needed work go undone, or trust to an unexpected amount to be received from payment of taxes later in the year, a very unsafe basis, in my judgment, to work upon.

And in passing let me state that I did not say at the council meeting that we could not take the city's share for the paving out of the general revenue voted for street purposes. What I said was that we could not think of doing so in justice to the rest of the city. And when I spoke of the present reports it was not from a personal standpoint, but to show that the information which had been given to the press was entirely foreign to the facts in the case.

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The authority upon which the city clerk wrote to the tramway company on the 24th

You are Interested



CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist.
88 Government St. (Near Yates St.)
Telephone 425.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Published by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, April 23-5 a.m. The barometer has risen on the coast, and the high area is becoming more defined, the pressure increasing to 30.40 off the Washington and Vancouver Island coast. An area of low pressure, centered near Manitoba, Montana and North Dakota, light frosts have occurred in the North Pacific states.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Tuesday. Victoria and vicinity—Moderate winds, fair and cool. Lower Mainland—Light winds, chiefly fair and cool.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.25; temperature, 45; minimum, 44; wind, 8 miles W.; weather, fair.

New Westminster—Barometer, 30.30; temperature, 42; minimum, 38; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, cloudy.

Nanaimo—Barometer, 30.18; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Dartmouth—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 30; minimum, 28; wind, 6 miles E. W.; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, 50; minimum, 50; wind, 2 miles W.; weather, clear.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Popular and classical programme at Victoria City Band's concert.

All kinds of Bicycle Tires carried in stock. Rambler Cycles, Weller Bros.

You will find it in the B. C. Guide, 5c per copy, 50c per year, in all book stores in B. C.

There will be a full rehearsal of the "Messiah" at the city hall on Tuesday next at 7.30 p.m.

The variety and excellence of this Spring's stock at Fit-Reform Wardrobe excels that of all former seasons.

A friend that will never disappoint or disagree with you, but will always soothe your mind and body is Hord's Ceylon Tea.

True Pruners, Pruning Knives, Hedge Trimmers and Garden Tools cheap for cash, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 56 Douglas street.

All the newest Patterns for Spring in Tailor-made Suits at Fit-Reform Wardrobe.

Floral Cantata—There is every prospect of a crowded house to-morrow (Tuesday) evening when the Floral Cantata will be produced at the A. O. U. W. hall. The full rehearsal went along very smoothly, and all the singers appear to be in good voice. There is to be a solo by little Anita Morse, who sang lately at the drill hall concert, and the orchestra is under the direction of Bandmaster Finn.

Don't fail to hear the celebrated tenor, Stewart Huntington, in new songs, at the A. O. U. W. to-night.

In all probability Victoria will be represented in one of the prominent regiments of the British army in service at South Africa. C. E. Pooley having received information from the war office in effect that his son, Capt. E. E. Pooley, now with Strathcona's Horse at the scene of war, has been offered a commission in a crack cavalry regiment, and asking whether Mr. Pooley, who was formerly a member of the Victoria City Band, is eligible for his son's acceptance.

Just received, direct, a splendid assortment of trout flies. Inspection invited. Henry Short & sons, 72 Douglas street.

The large number who were present at St. Luke's Hall, Cedar Hill, on Friday evening last enjoyed a programme which for originality and completeness (if detail) would be difficult to surpass. This consisted of a number of living pictures, twenty-one in all, representing well-known fairy tales and illustrating various advertisements. The costumes and figures were splendid, while the scenic effects were well worthy of the real degree of commendation bestowed on them. The entertainment was under the competent direction of J. W. Helms and his sisters.

Classical and Popular Programme at Victoria City Band's Concert.

Magazines, periodicals and newspapers for the past six months have more or less contained representations of the various notable personages and the great events in connection with the present South African war, but the moving picture pictures to be shown at the Drill Hall on May 1st and 5th will certainly be such as have not been seen in this city before. With almost startling vividness the various scenes are exhibited, each prominent feature being plainly shown. The entertainment is in aid of the Canadian patriotic fund, and is such that appeals to the support of the public not only on account of its promised excellence, but for the worthy object for which it is given. Two prime attractions in connection with the exhibition will be the singing by Miss Evelyn Robinson, well-known throughout the length and breadth of Canada, and Owen Binley, who will render a number of his sketches.

Try the Native Sons Club, manufactured by Meles & Co.

Initial appearance of Victoria City Band at A.O.U.W. Hall Wednesday evening.

Second-hand Bicycles taken in payment on purchase of new. Rambler Cycles, Weller Bros.

Ten Pots, Jugs and other goods in great variety, just opened at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 56 Douglas street.

Floral Cantata—Reserved seat tickets for the Floral Cantata, which takes place at the A.O.U.W. Hall, on April 24th, now on sale at Lombard's, Fort street.

Khaki suits for men, boys and children; also riding and bicycle pants. McCandless Bros., 37 Johnson street.

Smokers—Mr. A. G. Franklin, for the past several years employee of S. A. Morris, Tobaccoist, can be seen at Frank Campbell's cigar store, Old Post Office, Government street. Hello Frank & Burt.

A bicyclist paid \$3 in the police court this morning. James Allan and John Handley were charged with drunkenness and the former was fined \$2.50 of five days, but the latter, owing to illness, did not appear.

British Columbia people going to Spokane, Butte, Helena, Minneapolis, St. Paul, or the East, will enjoy the luxurious train afforded by the Northern Pacific's new North Coast Limited, in service on and after April 20th. Up-to-date Standard Pullmans and the crack Tourist cars of the Northwest on this new train.

Banner Lodge No. 41 Ancient Order of United Workmen, will hold a regular meeting this evening, when the screen work will be given for the first time, under the direction of George Gawley. This is the most instructive and interesting work of the order, and a large attendance from the various city lodges is expected. The order will hold a Sunday church parade during May.

Arrivals are flocking into the Atlin district, according to late news from there, and the camp is daily becoming more lively. The snow is clearing and the miners soon expect to get to work. Mr. Ruffner and a party of Seattle people are prospecting a large tract of placer near Discovery. There are fully 750 men at work on the extension of the W. P. & Y. railway.

Scientific Tailoring has realized its highest pitch in the new garments for Spring at Fit-Reform Wardrobe.

Fruit Boxes—A full line of strawberry, plum and small fruit baskets, and crates, apple and orange boxes, also butter plates, can be had in any quantities at F. E. Stewart & Co.'s, wholesale provision and fruit merchants, 40 Yates street, who have secured the agency of the British Columbia Fruit Co., Ltd., New Westminster. Call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

Have you seen the latest in Khaki suits at 37 Johnson street? McCandless Bros.

The spring church parade of the Fifth Regiment was held yesterday at the Metropolitan church on Pandora street, where a very appropriate sermon was preached by Rev. R. Hughes. The men presented a very fine appearance, the brown belts, with which they are now furnished, being one of the notable improvements in their equipment. Preceded by the band they marched from the Drill Hall via Belleville, Government street, to the church, which was filled even before their arrival. The parade state showed 170 men of all ranks, sub-divided as follows: Field officers, 4; staff officers, 3; captains, 2; subalterns, 3; staff sergeants, 7; sergeants, 16; rank and file, 135. During the taking of the oath of the officers, the band rendered with beautiful effect, "Jerusalem the Golden."

Jaffney and Burton, the champion cake walkers, at Savoy.

Handel's "Messiah" will be produced in the Drill Hall on the 28th and 29th. The box plan is open at the Victoria Book and Stationery Company's store, Government street, and reserved seats can now be secured. Those who desire good places are recommended to book their seats without delay. Admission tickets are on sale at the same place and throughout the city. Through the kindness of James Dunsinuir free transportation has been provided for the Nanaimo contingent of 80 trained cyclists who are expected to reach the city in time for the final rehearsal of the Drill Hall on Friday evening next. The spectacle of the whole chorus and orchestra of 200, in evening dress, on the immense platform now being erected will be an imposing one. The first number of the programme will be "God Save the Queen," rendered by the full strength of the company, the audience being requested to join in.

Don't fail to attend the Victoria City Band's Concert.

In spite of the fact that the great North has been brought in close connection with this city through the combined agencies of the press, swift steamship service and other media, there is a vast amount of information regarding that country that has not been acquired by the general population. While the great and more important scenes in connection with the goldfields have received full description the events of a less pretentious character have been neglected, and these will be dealt with by Mrs. Hitchcock in her talk in the A.O.U.W. Hall this evening under the auspices of the Native Sons Society. Information on an interesting subject from one who has had the advantage of personally experiencing what she intends to describe is doubly valuable and interesting, and this will be intensified by the fact that in Mrs. Hitchcock those attending this evening will find an ideal entertainer. During the evening there will be an excellent musical programme toward which well-known amateurs will contribute.

MATTERS POLITICAL.

Grand Forks Liberals Did Not Endorse the Candidature of Mr. Mackintosh.

To-night the local Conservatives meet to nominate candidates for the legislature. Although there is a strong feeling that Mayor Hayward will be given a place on the ticket, His Worship disclaims any intention of entering politics at present. "It is my earnest desire," he explains, "to devote all my energies to the faithful discharge of my present public duties, and endeavor if possible to merit the gratifying confidence recently reposed in me by the ratepayers; and therefore at present I have no aspirations for the Provincial Parliament."

The Times is in receipt of a telegram from L. P. Eckstein, secretary of the Liberal Association of Grand Forks, stating that the Liberals at that place had accepted Mr. McIntosh. Mr. Eckstein wires: "No mention of Mackintosh has ever been made before the association. Curtis has undoubtedly very many warm friends in the association, but they so far have not approved of Mr. Martin, whom he follows. The association has, practically, on two occasions, refused to be governed in any respect by party lines. Our delegates will attend the convention of the riding here on 2nd of May, when the question of whether a Liberal candidate be nominated will be decided."

In Esquimalt, where Mr. Fraser, the Marlin candidate, is displaying considerable activity, there is already a quartette of candidates. These are Messrs. Higgins, Fraser, Pooley and Hayward. Mr. Bullen states that this year he will not be a candidate.

Joseph Hunter, a candidate for the legislature from Cariboo, wishes in emphatic language to deny the statements being circulated throughout the district that he is in sympathy with, or a supporter of, the Marlin government. Mr. Hunter, on the contrary, states that he will use his utmost endeavors to defeat Mr. Marlin and the present government.

It seems probable that there will be a three-cornered fight in Cowichan. Mr. Dickie and Mr. Muttar are already in the field, while it appears to be a foregone conclusion among the supporters of the government that their candidate will be a cabinet minister, a professional man and a prominent temperance advocate.

"What is the political position in Atlin?" was asked by a Times reporter of Mr. J. H. Brownlee, the well-known surveyor, who is down on a flying visit from his home in the northern Eldorado.

"Will the present representatives for Cassiar be returned?"

Mr. Brownlee replied: "Atlin will be represented in the next Provincial Legislature by men whose interests are identical with those of the territory of which it is the centre. In other words, we want local men, men going to have them. We want our share of what is going, our fair proportion of government money for the development of one of the richest districts in the rich province of British Columbia for the building of roads and bridges and the opening up of the country generally. We want no more, and will be satisfied with no less, and we are going to send men down here to Victoria who will get it for us."

"It is not a question of mere politics; it is the question of our interests. Mr. Clifford cast in his lot among us for a while, then he moved away, and now he announces that he is going to run as a straight Conservative. It is not a question of party politics at all. The last election took place Atlin was only a name on the map. The members for Cassiar were elected by the canny men of the coast, who controlled the vote of a region big and rich enough for an empire. Now everything is changed. The scales are tipped. The coast and the fishermen are in the light-end of the balance. However, the coast interests, which are important, must not be overlooked, nor will they be. Only now that Atlin has a preponderance of votes, we are going to be legislated for where, not by men whose interests are wholly fishing interests, but by men who are identified in some way with the mining interests."

"So you can write it down that Cassiar will be represented in the next House by new blood," remarked Mr. Brownlee emphatically in conclusion.

Grand cake walk at Victoria City Band concert, April 25th.

A host of novelties at Savoy to-night.

Stewart Huntington will sing at the Native Sons' concert at the A.O.U.W. to-night.

An examination of candidates for registration under the Medical Act will be held at the parliament buildings on Tuesday, May 1st, and following days. Dr. C. J. Fagan, registrar of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of British Columbia, will attend at the 2082 of the rooms, parliament buildings, on Monday, from 10 to 5 p.m., to receive applications.

At 6.30 o'clock this evening a dinner will be held at the Bishop's palace, Yates street, at which the clergy and the committee in charge of the entertainment to be tendered Rev. Father Nicolay will be in attendance. The programme will commence sharp at 8.30 o'clock, in the hall, when Father Nicolay will be presented with a purse and an address. During the evening some excellent musical and literary numbers will be rendered.

Grand Master D. Welsh, I.O.O.F. of New Westminster, arrived in this city from Dunsmuir yesterday, and this evening a reception will be tendered him by the city lodges in the Oddfellows' Hall, Douglas street. Victoria Lodge will hold a short business session until 8.30 o'clock, after which tables will be spread and refreshments provided. An excellent programme of songs, recitations and addresses will be given, and a most enjoyable evening is anticipated.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carls Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have had them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

THE PASSING THROUG.

Arrivals of the Day at the City Hotels—Gossip of the Corridors.

E. C. Hawkins, of the White Pass & Yukon railway, during his stay at the Driford, announced that should the operations at Atlin this summer come up to the expectations a branch line will be built in there, and it may be continued to Glenora. In connection with the consolidation of his company's interests with those of the C. D. Co., Mr. Hawkins said a favorable rate would be given shippers. Heretofore hay and feed has not been taken in to Dawson to any great extent because of the high freights. His company proposes to give a rate, whereby hay can be taken in carload lots, seven tons or over, in bales not less than 20 pounds for \$100 per ton, and sacks and feed for \$125 per ton. Speaking of mining developments in the North Mr. Hawkins said his company were putting in a plant that would cost not less than \$100,000 to thoroughly test Atlin from a hydraulic standpoint. As soon as the rails are laid to White Horse, he says, shipments of ore from the valuable copper properties there will begin to the Sound smelters. The company is giving a rate of \$15 per ton to the miners, and to assist those without capital in agreeing to carry the ore, charges being advanced on approved values. Some of the berrite in this extensive copper belt of White Horse runs to \$200 to the ton.

M. H. Jewell, editor of the Bismarck Daily Tribune, who spent Saturday at the Driford, left yesterday morning for the Sound. He came to the coast partly on business and partly on pleasure, the business being the investigation of Alaskan affairs. He met his wife and son, who have been visiting California, in Tacoma, and came here with them. Mr. Jewell, as well as editing the Tribune, is connected with a publishing house at Washington, D.C., where he spends a great deal of his time.

Commercial travellers form the greater portion of the late arrivals at the Driford. There are no less than eight registered there. These include H. Wayne, Chas. Tashin, T. Sandeman, R. A. Garrett and D. McEwen, of Victoria; W. H. Deeks, of Toronto; John Burns, of Vancouver, and J. S. Dawes, of Rochester. Mr. Sandeman is accompanied by his wife.

Geo. Noonan, the delegate of the Longshoremen's Union at Vancouver, over whom the present strife arose, the steamship people object to the delegation of the longshoremen being determined to keep him, is among the guests at the Driford. He is an old Victorian, and not being in good health, has come here to recuperate.

F. M. Kellie, of Revelstoke, who is at the Oriental, is likely to return to Seattle tomorrow, where he has been engaged in his mining business for the past two weeks. He had nothing to say regarding the political situation, in fact, he said, he was looking for news himself having been so long across the Sound.

C. W. Cook, the Tacoma shipping man, who arrived from the Sound on Saturday, has gone up to Chemainus to look after his interests there, in connection with the two vessels loading at the mills for South Africa on his account. He is expected back to-morrow.

S. C. Hutchings, fourth officer of the Empress of Japan, has resigned from that steamer, he having been promoted to the position of second officer of the Athenian, which passed in yesterday afternoon completing her work in the United States transport service.

John T. West, general agent of W. H. W. & Co. of Montreal, which visits the Victoria theatre on the 20th, and L. H. Bowers, assistant agent, are guests at the Victoria. The company is a very strong one this season.

E. S. Wheeler, who is in charge of the office of Dodwell & Co. at Hongkong, and D. E. Brown, in charge of the business of the C.P.R. at that point, will arrive here to-morrow by the Empress of China.

The many friends of Mrs. O. W. Shupe, wife of the purser of the steamer Alpha, will regret to hear that she has been removed to the hospital to allow of an operation being performed for appendicitis.

S. Macne, J. Bosworth, E. Dewdney, E. W. Pratt and W. H. Ellis were among the Victorians who returned from the Mainland last night.

John Piercy, of the wholesale firm of Messrs. J. & J. Macdonald, is on a trip which will include all the big Eastern trade centres.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Nichol arrived from Vancouver last night. Mr. Nichol comes down to appear in the libel case against him.

J. E. Fagan, of the Vancouver customs, is down to meet the incoming Empress. He is registered at the Driford. Senator Templeman, accompanied by Mrs. Templeman, returned to his duties at Ottawa yesterday morning.

Mr. Mrs. and Miss Ward arrived from Dunsmuir last night and are registered at the Driford.

J. M. Kellie, of Revelstoke, arrived yesterday by the Victorian and is registered at the Oriental.

E. J. Duffy, of San Francisco, and W. G. Clarke, of Seattle, are two tourists at the Driford.

Chas. Hankinson, in advance of the Boston Opera Co., is a guest at the Driford.

R. Cassidy was among the Victorians who returned from the Sound on yesterday's steamer.

Miss Edna M. Elitch is a guest at the Driford. She intends leaving shortly for Dawson.

Steve Jones, proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, returned from the Sound yesterday.

Col. Peters, D.O.C. at Toronto, returned this morning on a short visit to his family.

A. B. Macnaughton, of Vancouver, is among the recent arrivals at the Victoria.

H. G. Cruikshank, a storekeeper of Chilliwack, is registered at the Dominion.

Adam P. Moffat and wife, of Dunsmuir, are guests at the Oriental.

F. D. McLennan, a hotel man of Vancouver, is a guest at the Dominion.

James Wolfe and Louis Justh, of Vancouver, are at the Dominion.

E. P. Davis, Q.C., was a passenger from Vancouver last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Halle, of Chicago, are guests at the Driford.

W. E. Fluemertel, of Nanaimo, is at the Victoria.

Alex. Mearns, of Chemainus, is at the Queen's.

A. Jukes, of Vancouver, is at the Driford.

SHIPPING NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

VICTORIA TIDES.
By F. Napier Denison.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 186 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt dry dock.

Tuesday, April 24. Wednesday, April 25.

Time.	Height above zero.	Time.	Height above zero.
4:40 a.m.	5.6 feet.	5:30 a.m.	4.8 feet.
8:30 a.m.	4.9 feet.	9:00 a.m.	7.2 feet.
1:20 p.m.	4.4 feet.	5:10 p.m.	5.2 feet.
11:30 p.m.	7.2 feet.		

Steamer Milos left for the Sound early on Sunday morning. She was inspected on Saturday by Inspectors Thompson and Collier, a favorable certificate being given at 3.30 p.m. The steamer was then given a clearance by the customs and the crew of Japanese landed here en route to Vancouver, where allowed ashore. The sum of \$500, paid to the collector of customs by the steamer's agents in abeyance of the action to be taken in the imposition of a penalty by the Ottawa authorities, was refunded. The delay of the steamer in getting inspection was caused by the fact that one of the inspectors, Mr. Collier, inspector of mills, was absent on the Mainland, and Mr. Thompson, inspector of boilers, did not care to inspect the steamer alone, as the two granted a joint certificate. The inspection was done here under authority of an order-in-council of January, 1898, whereby all steamers, British, Canadian or foreign, excepting those who have certificates from Her Majesty's Board of Trade, carrying passengers to or from any point in Canada are to be inspected once a year. This collector of customs on ascertaining that the steamer has not been inspected, holds the vessel and notifies the inspectors, who are not connected with his department. When they report favorably a clearance is given. The collector yesterday stated it has been decided to thoroughly examine all Oriental steamers. This, the collector pointed out, was decided some years ago, being covered by the same order-in-council under which action was taken against the Milos. No new rule has been put in force.

Steamer North Star was released at high tide on Saturday evening from where she struck the night before on Trial Island, the Princess Louise, which went out to her with Capt. John Irving on board about 8.30, assisting in floating her. She was conveyed to port by the Louise and this morning went on Turpe's ways to be repaired before resuming her voyage to the Alaskan canneries. The North Star is a vessel of 62 tons, owned by C. W. Moon, of Astoria. She is 73 feet long, 19 feet beam and 8.2 feet deep. Her value is said to be \$30,000. With her cargo of tin plate and canneries supplies she will be worth, it is figured, at least \$100,000. Cargo and steamer were insured, part of the insurance on the cargo being held by R. P. Rithet & Co.

Two Indians of the crew of the sealing schooner Viva arrived here yesterday morning. They were lost from that vessel on the 15th, when the schooner was off Gray's Harbor, and after a hard time in their canoe, they managed to get ashore at Point Greenwood. Thence they made their way to Huxford and from there went by stage to Tacoma, from where they were brought by the Victorian. The schooner, when they left her, had 600 old skins.

Barquentine Jane A. Falkenberg leaves Esquimalt, where she has been since she came in there some months ago a battered derelict, to-morrow in tow of one of the Puget Sound tug boats, to prepare for her voyage to Seattle. She has already a large amount of the timber that was in her when she was brought in, and which was sold with her by Mr. Bullen to the Seattle Yukon Trading Co., of Seattle.

Steamer Oscar arrived at Ladysmith last night after taking a cargo of ore from the Mount Sicker mine to the Van Andra smelter, whither she alternates her voyages with Tacoma, the mine shipping to both smelters.

Government tug Princess arrived from Nanaimo this morning with a large scow of the Mullark. Work the tug is going ahead rapidly and in a few days she will be in readiness to commence her work.

Steamer Braemar arrived at Williams Head quarantine station this afternoon. She has on board, it is said, about 1,000 Japanese. After landing a number here she will proceed to Portland.

Whaler Mary D. Hume left Seattle yesterday for Cape Nome. She will call at St. George Island for the cattle and sheep left there when the steamer Laurada was lost.

C.P.R. steamer Tarrar passed up to Vancouver yesterday morning from San Francisco, she having concluded her service.

4-Piece Chamber Sets

ONLY \$1.50

SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF

Dinner Sets

Attractive and cheap.

Full Line of Enamel Ware at

JOHNS BROS.

230 DOUGLAS STREET.

vice in the United States transport fleet. The C.P.R. steamer Athenian, also passed in yesterday from the Orient. She went to Seattle from Kobe, completing her last voyage as a transport.

Steamer Wellington arrived at Esquimalt yesterday to be hauled out to be cleaned and overhauled.

The Empress of China, due to-morrow, has on board 80 passengers in the saloon and 600 Asiatics.

Steamer Yosemite left Vancouver at 1.30, connecting with the train.

Steamer Citrine City will sail for Alaskan ports on Thursday.

R.M.S. Empress of China is due to-morrow from the Orient.

Steamer Danube will arrive from Skagway about 5 p.m.

Steamer Walla Walla is due to-morrow from San Francisco.

Steamer R. P. Rithet came off the ways this afternoon.

See Arnold, the famous equilibrist, at Savoy to-night.

At the regular Sunday evening public meeting of the Universal Brotherhood the subject for discussion was "Faith, Hope and Charity." The speaker said in part that Faith was one of the qualities which belonged to the Divine nature of man, and evidence of man's divinity often showed itself as this trust was cultivated and a larger faith brought increased knowledge. Hope enlightened as well as strengthened the "will" and gave an added determination to conquer the findings of the lower nature. Charity was said to be a universal force which manifested itself as love for the whole human race, and man required to possess this power before he could understand the real nature of his divinity. If one used this power of charity for a selfish purpose it sooner or later would destroy the person who used it. It was also said that the Universal Brotherhood was bringing back the ancient knowledge of the scriptures to mankind, and before long great changes were bound to take place in the current religious teachings. The Universal Brotherhood offered the greatest incentive to a noble and pure life, as working unselfishly for humanity would unfold our divine nature and give a power to life which nothing else can.

Don't miss hearing the Angelus Orchestral Piano player at Native Sons' concert, at the A.O.U.W. to-night, furnished by Fletcher Bros.

There will be a mass meeting on Wednesday evening of all the Young People's Societies of the various churches in the city in the First Presbyterian church on the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets. A special programme will be rendered and a paper will be read by H. Siddell dealing with young people's societies and politics. Other papers will be read in which a general discussion will be invited. The meeting promises to be an interesting one and all members of the various organizations for young people are requested to be in attendance.

British flags are waving from all the public buildings and a great many private residences, this being St. George's Day. Throughout the British Empire this day is observed quietly, perhaps, but with a certain degree of homage and reverence.

All kinds of upholstering and drapery work—executed by experienced workmen from Weller Bros.

WHAT'S

OUR HATS

Cannot but win favor if value, style and variety count for anything. Some hatters charge something extra for style, but it is not so at this store. We are catering for a large hat business and are satisfied with moderate prices.

Trade solicited only on the basis of perfect satisfaction.

New spring styles and shapes.

\$2, \$3, \$4, \$5

Geo. R. Jackson,

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

Mothers Please Remember

Sporting News.

BASEBALL.

SATURDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Philadelphia—Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 0.

At Brooklyn—New York, 2; Brooklyn, 5.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; Pittsburgh, 4.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; Chicago, 3.

LACROSSE.

CANADIAN TEAM FOR PARIS.

According to information from Montreal, President Lamarche, of the Nationals, has received a communication from the Quebec Lacrosse Club, of Montreal, relative to the proposed trip of these two clubs to the World's Fair at Paris. The Nationals are being for the trip and are desirous of making arrangements with the Montreal club, so that they can travel together, and also desire to make arrangements about matches. The Nationals were to have heard from the commissioner who is in charge of the sporting department of the Fair some time ago, but they have not yet learned whether their trip is assured or not. It was the intention of the club to leave Montreal about July 15th. The trip would require about five weeks, and satisfactory arrangements had been made for their senior league matches in the meantime.

THE RING.

BIRTHPLACES OF PUGILISTS.

There are quite a number of foreign born pugilists now before the public, some a New York exchange. Tom Sharkey was born in Dundalk, Ireland; Robert Fitzsimmons in Elston, Cornwall, England; Peter Maher in Galway, Ireland; Steve O'Donnell in Sydney, New South Wales; Joe Goddard in Pyrmont, Australia; Dick O'Brien in St. John's New Brunswick; Dan Creedon in Invercargill, New Zealand; Tommy West in Cardiff, Wales; Peter Jackson in Porto Rico, West Indies; Jim Hall in Australia; Spike Sullivan in Knockmanille, Ireland; Young Griffin in Sydney, Australia; Billy Murphy in Auckland, New Zealand; Eddie Connolly in St. John, New Brunswick; Tom Traver in Australia; Joe Walcott in Barbados, West Indies; George Dixon in Halifax, Nova Scotia; Paddy Slavin in Montreal, New South Wales; George in Palermo, Sicily; George Godfrey in Prince Edward's Island; George Byers was also born in Prince Edward's Island; Billy Whistler in County Derry, Ireland; Denver Ed. Smith in Birmingham, England; Jack Root in Austria, and Jack McNeill in Cork, Ireland.

YACHTING.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON'S INTENTION.

In connection with Sir Thomas Lipton's determination to compete for the America's Cup in 1901, the following statement from Glasgow is of considerable interest:

"Being in mind the immense amount of interest displayed in this country in the Shamrock-Columbia races, the members of the committee were forced to the conclusion that another such event taking place in the season of 1901 would seriously discount the importance of the match-off which they were planning. A meeting was accordingly summoned, and after a lengthy discussion the committee unanimously agreed to appoint a deputation of the yachting men to visit Sir Thomas Lipton with a request that he should postpone the issue of his challenge for another year, and so leave the summer of 1901 free for the racing of a big international regatta, which should be held on the Clyde."

"At the time of writing the deputation has not yet had its interview with Sir Thomas Lipton, but there is reason to know that he has already considered the matter, and unless the committee can bring forward some good cause, of which the challenger is as yet ignorant, the America's Cup contest will go on as already indicated."

Nat. Herreshoff, the eminent designer, has denied the statement that his firm has declined to accept a contract for the construction of the new defender.

CRICKET.

THE APPROACHING SEASON.

English cricket authorities are beginning to talk about the approaching season. It will not, they say, be a great season, and the M. C. C. do not intend at present to do anything in regard to the alteration of the leg-before-wicket rule. So complete was the mastery of the bat over the ball last year that at the close there was a general outcry that something must be done to equalize matters, and give the bowler a chance. This state of things was the natural outcome of a dry season, and the perfection of "dribble" bowling have got in the preparation for pitches for first-class matches. How was this leveling up process to be effected?

The only ways which suggested themselves as at all practicable were either to

Spring Housecleaning



At this season of the year when house cleaning is in full swing there is many a woman's back aches and pains till the suffering is unbearable.

The stooping, straining, lifting and reaching up are injurious to the kidneys—being about derangements of these delicate filters.

When the backache gives the warning note of danger, if women will but heed that warning they will take

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

the great remedy for painful or weak backs, and all irregularities, slowness or disorders of the kidneys—the remedy that makes weak, run-down, tired-out women fit for every duty and pleasure of life.

Read what Mrs. H. A. Millard, Braemar, Oxford Co., Ont., has to say: "I used three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me of all my troubles. Before I started taking them my back was so weak I could not carry a pail of water or do my own work. Now, thanks to Doan's Pills, I am stronger than I have been in six years, and am free from every pain I cannot recommend this remedy too highly to every sufferer from kidney complaints."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50¢ a box at all druggists. Ask for Doan's and refuse all others. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

The National Cycle & Automobile Co. Limited

THE GREATEST VALUE

We try to give our Scotsman bicycles the greatest possible worth for their cost.

We put good material into them. Many parts are electrically welded. The joints are flush. The wheels are furnished with a forest crown. It is well equipped.

Scotsman Models, \$40

are locally guaranteed, being National wheels, and are staunch and true. We want every rider who does not care to buy a wheel above \$40 to at least see the Scotsman at that price.

Agents are everywhere. Ask us for Catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

The National Cycle & Automobile Co., Limited, 34 King Street West, Toronto.

reduce the width of the bat, to broaden the wicket, or to alter the leg-before-wicket rule. Lord Harris doubts whether in the best class of cricket the reduction of the size of the bat would effect much good, while in second-class cricket it would not do to broaden the wickets, as the bowling at present has a distinct command over the bat, so that he would not recommend reform in this direction. The abolition of the boundary necessitating the running out of the batsman has also been suggested as a means of reducing prolific run-getting, but again Lord Harris does not see much to hope for from this, after a batsman has got his second wind, though he says that the M. C. C. this season may try an experiment in this direction.

A. G. Steele, on the other hand, is very emphatic that the absolute perfection of the wickets in real cricket matches makes it clear that the interest of the game requires some drastic reform of the rules. He does not, however, approve of the addition of an extra stump, or the alteration of the leg-before-wicket rule, which would make it competent for an umpire to be sent out, but in his opinion, the ball would have hit the wicket, no matter where it pitched. This, he thinks, would be unjust and unfair. An alteration in the "follow on" rule, Mr. Steele thinks, might do some good, and this is to be considered by the M. C. C. at their next meeting, as is also the increase of the number of balls in an over to six. The raising of the height of the stumps by two inches, Mr. Steele thinks, would make a vast difference to the rate of scoring.

THE RING.

HOW McGOVERN DOES IT.

McGovern has a few, but important tricks, if such they may be termed, that other fighters have not, writes George Siler in an exchange. To begin with, he is a natural born fighter, can hit from almost any position, and hits straight as a die when he does hit; he does not have to get set to deliver a blow, and, furthermore, keeps so close to his opponent that the latter, unless accustomed to close or short arm hitting, is all abroad, so to speak. McGovern, in striking a blow, is perfectly right, like a bat of iron, at steel, without delivering a blow. This brings his gloved fist flush against the object, it strikes, and in a direct line with the forearm; hence the force. Add to these essential points the fact that McGovern's hands are necessarily fast with both hands.

I've no doubt but that there are a number of fighters that could give Terry a trimming at purely long range fighting, but that is not McGovern's game. His long suit is mixing at close quarters, and the perfection of "dribble" bowling have got in the preparation for pitches for first-class matches. How was this leveling up process to be effected?

The only ways which suggested themselves as at all practicable were either to

THE RING.

HOW McGOVERN DOES IT.

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ALWAYS AN AMATEUR.

At the recent reception tendered to John T. Scholes, the 125-pound amateur champion of the world, in Toronto, the young pugilist remarked that he would never box as a professional. There were fully 1,500 admirers at the Bijou theatre, and the champion was most enthusiastically received. Scholes has met the foremost amateurs in England and America and defeated them all. His friends met him on his return from San Francisco, where he had vanquished the Pacific Coast champion, and presented him with a hand and a diamond ring. Scholes then boxed a few rounds with Chris. Graham, of Peterboro. The young champion is only 21, the son of a famous amateur who would never

enter professional ranks, and he prefers to remain as his father did, a gentleman boxer.

THE PROFESSOR'S CLASS.

Professor Robert Foster, familiarly known to every sporting enthusiast the length and breadth of this province, has started a boxing class, and each morning from 10 to 12 o'clock and from 3 to 5 in the afternoon he imparts instruction in the main-art to quite a number of pupils. Those who are desirous of learning the art of self-defence should avail themselves of this opportunity of receiving instruction from one who has proved himself an unrivalling friend of all departments of sport in Victoria for a large number of years.

UNDOUBTEDLY CANCER.

Another Case Where the Constitutional Remedy Made a Permanent Cure.

A well known lady recently wrote saying that our Vegetable Cancer Cure cured her of cancer of the breast five years ago, and there has never been any return of the disease since.

Her trouble was undoubtedly cancer, as many prominent physicians examined the lump, and all were agreed that it was a case of cancer.

Not one of them would give her any encouragement that an operation would cure her permanently. She read in the papers of our constitutional treatment for cancer, sent for our remedy, used it, was cured, and the result is that today she is hearty and strong and no evidence of her old trouble returning. Our remedy saved her from pain, saved her breast and saved her life.

Anyone who is interested can have the name of that lady and full particulars of her case, as well as our treatise on cancer, by sending two stamps. Send to J. W. Burdock, Ont.

NEWSPAPER PLANT DESTROYED

St. Louis, Mo., April 21.—The plant of the St. Louis Chronicle was practically destroyed to-day by fire that is supposed to have ignited in the boiler room. The loss is \$40,000; insurance \$21,000.

Burdock Blood Bitters, The Best Spring Medicine.

Removes all poisons and impurities from the system. Gives strength and vitality in place of weakness and languor. The most wonderful blood purifier, restorative and strengthener known to science.

Mr. George Heriot, Bailieboro, Ont., says: "Two years ago I was very poorly in the spring, had no appetite, felt weak and nervous, was unable to work much and was tired all the time. A friend recommended Burdock Blood Bitters, so I started taking it, and inside of two months I was as well as ever in my life. I cheerfully recommend B. B. B. as a splendid blood purifier and spring medicine."

City of Victoria, British Columbia Tenders for Debentures

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p. m. on Monday, the 14th day of May, 1900, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to \$200,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of \$4.50 2/3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of \$1,000 or its equivalent as aforesaid, payable in 25 years from 1st April, 1900, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four per cent per annum, payable half-yearly, with principal and interest payable as aforesaid, at the office of the Bank of British North America, either in London, England; New York, Montreal, or Victoria, B. C.

The tender must state the price set at Victoria which he will pay. In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four per cent from 1st April, 1900, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Point Ellice Bridge Accident Loan By-law," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all rateable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WILLIAM J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., 23rd March, 1900.

Notice of Assignment.

PURSUANT TO THE "CREDITORS' TRUST DEEDS ACT."

Notice is hereby given that James Haynes and Clement Abram Haynes, trading under the firm name and style of J. and C. A. Haynes, Grocers and Provision Merchants, of 82 Douglas street, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, have been declared bankrupt, and the said James Haynes and Clement Abram Haynes are required to pay the claims of all creditors of the said James Haynes and Clement Abram Haynes their joint debt.

The said deed was executed by the said James Haynes and the said Clement Abram Haynes (the assignors) and the said Arthur Haynes (the trustee) on the 6th day of April, 1900, and the said Trustee has undertaken the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said James Haynes and the said Clement Abram Haynes must forward and deliver to the said trustee at his office, No. 40 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., full particulars of their claims, duly verified on or before the 15th day of May, 1900, at 3 p. m.

Persons indebted to the said James Haynes and the said Clement Abram Haynes are required to pay the claims of which they are indebted forthwith. After the said eleventh day of May, 1900, the true and correct list of the claims of the said estate among the parties entitled to the proceeds of the said deed, and the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

And take further notice that a meeting of the creditors will be held at a meeting of the creditors of the said James Haynes and the said Clement Abram Haynes, at the office of the said trustee, No. 40 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of April, 1900, at 3 p. m.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 7th day of April, 1900.

LANGLEY & MARTIN, 504 Government street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Trustee.

Notice of Assignment.

PURSUANT TO THE "CREDITORS' TRUST DEEDS ACT."

Notice is hereby given that David Reid Pottinger, of No. 72 Yates street, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, Provision Merchant, has by deed, bearing date the 2nd day of April, 1900, assigned to the said David Reid Pottinger, his real and personal property, except as hereinafter mentioned, to Arthur Frenchley, of 120 Belleville street, in the City of Victoria, B. C., as trustee, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately the claims of all creditors of the said David Reid Pottinger, and the said trustee has undertaken the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said David Reid Pottinger must forward and deliver to the said trustee at his office, No. 40 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., full particulars of their claims, duly verified on or before the 15th day of May, 1900, at 3 p. m.

Persons indebted to the said David Reid Pottinger are required to pay the claims of which they are indebted forthwith. After the said eleventh day of May, 1900, the true and correct list of the claims of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

And take further notice that a meeting of the creditors will be held at a meeting of the creditors of the said David Reid Pottinger, at the office of the said trustee, No. 40 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of April, 1900, at 3 p. m.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 3rd day of April, 1900.

LANGLEY & MARTIN, 504 Government street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Trustee.

\$40,000 To Loan on Mortgage

In large and small amounts on first-class real estate.

Swinton & Oddy, 106 GOVERNMENT ST.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco.

The company's elegant steamship Queen, with Wain and Unstail, carrying 100 passengers, will leave Victoria, B. C., on April 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, May 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, June 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., 10 a. m., April 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, May 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, June 5, 10, and every fifth day thereafter.

For Alaska.

Leave SKAGWAY 9 P. M.

Cottage City, April 30, May 10, 20, June 14.

City of Topeka, April 3, 20, May 5, 20, June 14.

Alki, April 15, 30, May 15, 30, June 14.

And every fifth day thereafter.

The steamer Cottage City will leave Victoria for Alaska on May 11, 25, May 11, and Queen, June 10.

For further information order.

Connections at Skagway, Alaska, with steamers, sailing date and hours of sailing, without previous notice.

San Francisco, B. C.

J. F. GREEN, District Agent, 61 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

TRANSPORTATION. Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 25.—Taking Effect March 20th, 1900.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 7 a. m. Sunday at 12 p. m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, at 1:15 p. m., or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

Regular freight steamers will leave Victoria at 12 p. m. on Tuesday and Thursday, and Vancouver at 12 p. m. on Wednesday and Friday.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner, Lulu and Islands—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a. m. Leave New Westminster for Victoria and Way Ports—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a. m.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate points, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th each month, at 8 a. m. or 12 p. m.

ALASKA ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday for Wrangell, Dyea and Skagway at 8 p. m.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamers leave Victoria for Alford and Sound ports, on the 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending later trips to Qualicum and Port Hardy.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.

C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

G. P. N. Co., Ltd., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co.'s wharf for

DYE, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL.

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, as follows, viz:

"ANUR" May 2, 16, 30

"DANUBE" April 25, May 9, 23

And from Vancouver on following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows:

DAILY:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Leave Sidney at 8:15 a. m., 5:15 p. m.

SATURDAY:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m.

Leave Sidney at 8:15 a. m., 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY:

Leave Victoria at 10:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m.

Leave Sidney at 10:15 a. m., 5:15 p. m.

Steamer Iroquois

Connecting with the Victoria & Sidney Railway (weather permitting), will sail as follows:

Monday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Ganges, Plummer Pass, Fernwood, Gabriola and Nanaimo.

Tuesday—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a. m., calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Plummer Pass, Ganges, Fulford and Sidney.

Wednesday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Ganges, Gabriola, Plummer Pass, Fernwood, Victoria and Sidney.

Thursday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Plummer Pass, Burgeois, Victoria, Gabriola and Nanaimo.

Friday—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a. m., calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Burgeois, Plummer Pass and Sidney.

Saturday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Saturna, Pender, Plummer Pass, Ganges, Fulford and Sidney.

Close connecting mail with steamer by trains leaving Victoria at 7 a. m.

For passenger and freight rates apply on board, or to the agents of the Victoria & Sidney Railway.

T. W. PATTERSON.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

New Time Card

TO TAKE EFFECT SATURDAY, MARCH 25TH.

LEAVE VICTORIA

Daily 7:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 11:45 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:25 p. m.

ARRIVE VICTORIA

Daily 11:45 a. m., 1:15 p. m., 3:45 p. m., 6:00 p. m.

Saturday & Sunday 9:00 a. m. and 4:25 p. m.

Excursion Tickets

ON SALE TO AND FROM ALL PORTS GOOD FROM SATURDAY UNTIL SUNDAY.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways

The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Roseland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Roseland.

DAILY TRAINS.

Leave Spokane for Roseland at 11:25 a. m., 3:10 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 8:15 a. m., 10:15 p. m.

Leave Roseland for Spokane at 11:25 a. m., 3:10 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 8:15 a. m., 10:15 p. m.

Close connection at Roseland with steamers for Kootenai and Kootenay Lake Ports.

Passengers for Kootenai River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T. A., Spokane, Wash.

THE White Pass and Yukon Route

THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. BRITISH YUKON M. T. & T. CO.

Two First-class Trains Daily Between Skaguay and Lake Bennett, B.C.

Through Telegraph Service Skaguay to Dawson and Intermediate Points.

Skaguay is the Gateway to Atlin, Dawson and Cape Nome Gold Fields

For rates and particulars apply to

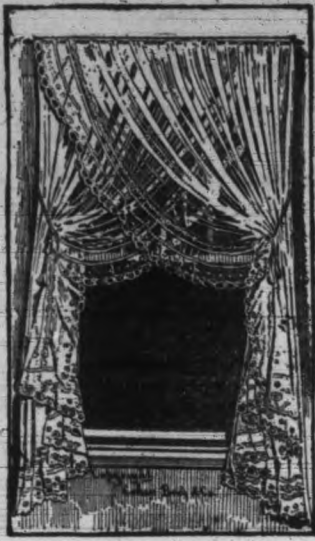
R. M. IRWIN, Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Bldg., Seattle.

J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, 107 Government street, Victoria.

Operating the Latest Improved Pullman First-class and Tourist Sleepers

WEILER BROS.

Drapery and Wall Paper Departments.



Bobbinet Curtains and Piece Goods

The Swell Window Drapery, with Battenburg, Valenciennes and other styles of Lace Edgings and Ruffles in Plain and Spotted Net Curtains. Three yards long, from \$2.75 to \$7.00 pair.

30 and 42-inch goods by the yard, 40c. and 55c. yard.

Frisled Muslin Curtains.

and by the yard. For half and full Windows, from \$1.25 pair. Muslins in White and Pretty Colors by the yard, at all prices.

Some very pretty stripe effects for Bedrooms.

Madras Muslins.

Latest effects in Oriental Colorings and new Art Combinations. These goods are soft, easily draped, very effective and double width, at 45c., 50c., 60c., 70c., and 85c. yard.

Duplex Curtain Piece Goods

Duplex Cloth is a reversible canvas material, and for a low price article is exceedingly popular. We have it in Red, Green, Olive, Tan and Terra Cotta, 49 inches wide, at 40c. yard.

FINE WALL PAPERS.

Everything desirable, both in beauty and artistic merit, will be found included in our new stock.

When furnishing a room in Harmony, the walls must be your first consideration. In making our selections we have chosen such patterns and colorings as will produce the best effect with this season's style of furnishing.

Our plain Ingrains and Handsome friezes to match are particularly rich and effective.

Room mouldings to suit all shades of Wallpaper.

Tapestry Curtains and Portieres

One Tone Tapestry Curtains, various colors, fringed \$8.00 pair
Large assortment of others in almost every conceivable style and coloring, from \$1.50 to \$15.00 pair

Silk and Satin Curtains.

Very effective, rich and handsome.

The "Nepaulesse" Curtain, fringed, \$12.00 pair

The Simla Curtain, fringed, \$18.00 pair

The above can be used either as Curtains or over drapes.

Satin Curtains (Early English Designs) in Gold, Green and Terra Cotta, at \$25.00 pair



Nottingham Lace Curtains.

Choice selections from leading manufacturers—in both white and ivory.

The very pretty and handsome effect which can be produced by these Popular goods at slight expense, commands for them a very large sale. We carry them in all grades, from 75c. to \$7.00 per pair.

Lace Curtains.

Many specialties in Swiss and French Lace Curtains—in Applique, Tambour, Irish Point, Brussels and Combination effects.

These goods range from \$3.50 to \$25.00 pair.

Goods by the yard for Sash Curtains, 27 to 30 inches wide, 35c. to \$1.05 yd.

Tappet Curtaining and Art Muslins

In a variety of Soft Colorings, producing a very pleasing and restful effect. These goods come at all prices.

Gobelin Art Draperies, Denims, Cretones, Satens, Chintzes, Art Serges and many novelties in Upholstery Fabrics.

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ENUMERATE AND DESCRIBE THE MANY GOODS WE HAVE TO OFFER IN ALL LINES, BUT WE ARE CONFIDENT THAT OUR ASSORTMENT THIS SEASON IS THE BEST EVER OFFERED IN BRITISH COLUMBIA. WE HAVE FRINGES, EDGING, CORDS, ETC., TO MATCH EVERY LINE OF GOODS CARRIED BY US. ALL ABOVE GOODS ARE DISPLAYED TO THE BEST POSSIBLE ADVANTAGE IN OUR ELEGANT SHOWROOM, THE ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, WHICH IS DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO CARPETS, DRAPERIES AND KINDRED GOODS. SAMPLES OF ANY OF OUR GOODS MAILED FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

Provincial News.

COMOX.

Mrs. F. D. Little returned last week from Vancouver, where she had been to hear Padewski.

Rev. M. Menzies has accepted a call to Comox Presbyterian church.

The Chinese Masons of Union raised a flag over Chinatown and took a holiday in honor of the festival of the dragon on Thursday.

VERNON.

At a congregational meeting of the Presbyterian church, held on Wednesday evening of last week, it was unanimously decided to tender a call to Rev. Joseph McCoy, M.A. Mr. McCoy made a decidedly good impression upon the congregation during the weeks which he recently spent in this city.

NELSON.

Miss Crease, matron of the City Hospital, has tendered her resignation to the board of directors of that institution and it will be acted upon at the meeting to-night. For several months Miss Crease has been suffering ill health, but during nearly all of that time she has faithfully attended to her duties. The resignation will probably take effect on the last day of the present month.

The Nelson Ladies held their first drill for the spring season on Thursday night. There was an excellent turn out. Five recruits paraded for the first time, and the indications are that the ten vacancies in the ranks will be filled quickly with first-class material. After drill the question of visiting Kaslo on May 24th.

In response to the invitation of the celebration committee there was discussed, and the men voted in favor of going.

Rev. Robert Frew will leave Nelson probably on Thursday for a three months' sojourn in the Old Country. The managers of the Presbyterian church have granted him this leave of absence.

ROSSLAND.

There was a full meeting of the Liberal Association on Thursday evening at the board of trade rooms. There was, as last week, another large addition to the membership, the association being now not only very strong, but thoroughly representative. It was decided, after some discussion, during which the matter was well threshed out, to hold the convention of the Liberal party of this riding at Grand Forks on May 2nd. It was decided that the election of delegates from Rossland to the convention should take place at the next regular meeting of the association.

VANCOUVER.

Robert Soames, aged 35, an engineer on the C.P.R., was instantly killed at Beaver Canyon Friday. Soames had charge of a freight, which was going at the rate of thirty miles an hour, when it ran through the canyon the engine crashed into an immense rock slide. The engine toppled over, followed by three cars. A piece of projecting rock struck Soames on the temple, causing instant death. He had been in the employ of the C.P.R. for ten years and had resided with his wife and two children at Revelstoke. Fireman Harrison jumped, escaping with a number of slight bruises.

The following resolution was passed on Thursday evening at a meeting of the Journeymen Stonecutters' Association, when the matter of the present strike in Vancouver was thoroughly discussed: "Whereas the bricklayers and stone masons of Vancouver are on strike for the elevation of the principles of labor and unionism; and the Vancouver branch of the Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America do hereby pledge ourselves to give them our unequalled support, provided that they have the united support of all the unions of the city, interested in the building trades, and show no discrimination against any individual contractor. It is further agreed by this body that we are emphatically opposed to sub-contracting or taking work by the piece, because experience has taught us that it is equally injurious to labor and capital to pursue such methods of business. Therefore, be it resolved that a copy of the foregoing resolutions shall be published as a declaration of our policy in the present labor struggle."

Mr. A. C. Kingswell, who is superintending the dredging operations of the North Thompson, near Kamloops, is on a few days' visit to the city. He has great faith in the possibilities of the industry, as will be remembered by his recent enthusiastic utterances on the subject.

Mrs. Mary Galbraith, assistant city treasurer of Winnipeg, arrived on Wednesday evening from California, where she has been for several months on a pleasure tour. She has a large number of friends in Vancouver, and will stay

here for a week before leaving for the Prairie City. During the illness last year of the city treasurer of Winnipeg, Miss Galbraith discharged the duties of that responsible office with every satisfaction.

A public meeting was held in the city hall on Thursday night, as the closing session for the meeting of the Teachers' Institute. There was a large attendance, the city hall being crowded to the doors. The chair was taken by D. Wilson, B.A. Dr. Goggin, M.A., superintendent of education in the Northwest Territories, delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture on the "Teaching of Morals in the Schools." He spoke for an hour and a half, and the address was one of the finest on an educational topic that has ever been delivered in the West.

GREENWOOD.

On Sunday evening Frank Geary, who was only admitted to the hospital the day previous, died of paralysis. He was 33 years of age and leaves a widow in England. He had been employed on Thomas Wake's ranch at Boundary Falls.

GRAND FORKS.

John Hoffman, a mill hand, was shot and dangerously wounded in his tent on the outskirts of the city early on Saturday morning. It seems that he was to find a man going through his clothing. Hoffman grappled with the intruder and a desperate struggle took place. Finally the man called out of the tent and when Hoffman was getting the mastery, his antagonist drew a revolver and fired. The bullet struck Hoffman in the jaw, knocking out several teeth and lodged in his neck. The unknown then made off, having failed to secure any money. Hoffman will recover.

ROSSLAND.

On Wednesday evening Murphy Sullivan rolled off his chair in which he was sitting and was practically dead before he reached the floor. At the time he was talking to Mrs. Con. Sullivan in her residence on Lincoln street, near Second avenue, with whom he boards, when suddenly he pitched out of the chair onto the floor, and lay there without the least bit of motion. Mrs. Sullivan's little daughter said to her mother: "I think he must be dead." Dr. McKenzie was hurriedly summoned, and he pronounced the man beyond all medical skill. Death was due to heart failure. The deceased was 35 years of age, a native of Ireland and a miller by occupation.

MOYLE.

Moyle will celebrate the 24th of May. At a public meeting held in McGregor hall the other evening it was decided, and steps were taken towards perfecting a permanent organization for that purpose. The following officers were elected: Mr. J. P. Farrell, president; Mr. F. Smith, secretary; and Mr. A. P. Macdonald, treasurer. A committee consisting of Dr. Higgins, Mr. J. M. Lindsay and Mr. G. P. McGregor was appointed to canvass the town.

The section men at Moyle and Moyle are out on strike, and have been since April 1st. The men were receiving \$1.50 per day, and this scale was lowered

to \$1.40 per day. The men are staying out and claim they will not go back to work until the old scale is paid.

PALE, WEAK GIRLS.

Many a pale, weak school girl, suffering the evil effects of an exhausted nervous system, and thin, watery blood, has been fully restored to the vigor and buoyancy of robust health, by using Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food. The healthful glow on the cheek and the brightness in the eye tell of the building up process which is taking place in the body.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

In The Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander Donaldson, Deceased Intestate.

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE OFFICIAL ADMINISTRATORS ACT.

Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by the Honorable Mr. Justice Hall, dated the 21st day of April, 1900, the undersigned, was appointed administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of the above named deceased. Parties having claims against the said deceased are requested to send same to me on or before the 21st day of May, 1900, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.
WILLIAM MONTGOMERY,
Official Administrator.
Victoria, 21st April, 1900.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE.



"Riches Take Wings and Fly."

It is a notable fact that it takes much more financing skill to retain riches than to amass them. Men have lost in a few weeks the accumulations of many years.

This is where Life Insurance comes in. A good policy in a good company—like the North American Life—is a stable friend in prosperity or adversity, and the most effective sympathizer with the mother and little ones when death calls away the bread winner.

If you are not insured, do not put it off until the "more convenient season," which seldom comes, but call to-day on the undersigned, who will explain to you some very attractive plans of insurance.

Pamphlets and full particulars respecting plans furnished on application to

LEE & FRASER,

11 Trounce Ave., Victoria, B. C.

S. G. FAULKNER,

PROVINCIAL MANAGER,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Free Cure For Men.

A few remedies which quickly cure men's weakness, varicocele, etc., and restore the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. L. W. Knapp, 2044 Hall Building, Detroit, Mich., gladly sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every man may cure himself at home.

CURE YOURSELF!
The Big C for Gonorrhea, Gleet, Syphilis, Stricture, White, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or absorption of mucous membranes. Not stringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Eye Strain.

Why suffer headache and constant misery from eye strain, when you can be absolutely and immediately cured by the use of glasses? I have given special study to this form of eye defect, and many in Victoria can testify to the relief experienced from my correction. Fifteen years' practical experience. Eyes examined free.

BLYTH
THE OPTICIAN.
65 FORT STREET (NEAR DOUGLAS).



JOHN MESTON

Carriage Maker,
Blacksmith,
Etc.

BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

J. H. WARNER & CO.,

Roofing and
Carpentry.

106 YATES STREET.

Cas. Steam and
Hot Water Fitters.

ANDREW SHERET,

Plumber

102 Fort St.

Cas. Steam and
Hot Water Fitter.

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD

THEOLOGY

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The Nichol Libel Case

The Adjourned Proceedings Resumed in the Assizes Court This Morning.

Counsel for Prosecution Addresses the Jury—One Witness Examined.

Proceedings in the libel case of Regina vs. Nichol, adjourned from the regular session, commenced this morning before Mr. Justice Drake, the following petty jurors being empanelled: Messrs. J. G. Hay, Jas. Sprinkling, F. G. Ray, R. A. Anderson, H. E. Mills, R. Margolis, J. Phillips, S. A. Bantley, F. Jewell, J. R. Stark, A. Lewis and G. Stallard.

Robert Cassidy appeared for Messrs. Turner and Pooley, and Messrs. E. P. Davis, Q.C., and W. H. Langley for the defence.

The greater portion of this morning's session was occupied by Mr. Cassidy in his opening address to the jury. In commencing his remarks counsel directed attention to the facts of the case, being a charge of libel which had come up in the spring assizes of 1898. The jury on that occasion had disagreed and were discharged and for several reasons the case had not come up until the present time. Messrs. Turner and Pooley, at the time the alleged libel was written, were members of the Legislature of British Columbia. These two gentlemen were approached by the directors of two companies organized for the development of the northern country, and were asked to associate their names with these companies, and they consented. The writer of the article complained of held that it was an improper thing for a minister of the crown to associate his name with any business enterprise wherein he might gain something, and should be frowned down upon by the press. Had that been the only aspect of the article in question, and had the article ended there, the present or other jury would never have been troubled with the case.

In Canada public men had often associated themselves with public enterprises for emolument. The speaker mentioned as instances the names of Sir John Macdonald, Mr. Alex. Mackenzie and the present Prime Minister, Mr. Mulock. At present there was, however, a Daniel come to judgment, who had taken the view as a jurist that such associations were improper, who had endeavored to force such an opinion on the public and the public was justified in debating the subject. But the real purpose of the writer was to condemn Messrs. Turner and Pooley on the ground that they were personally corrupt, and not content with general charges of that sort the writer dealt with the prospects of the companies in question. A managing director was an officer of a company for the purpose of managing the concerns for an emolument. This did not show that Messrs. Turner and Pooley associated their names for the purpose contributing to the promotion of the misstatement in England. From the way the article was put it was inferentially suggested that Messrs. Turner and Pooley were not honorable. These two gentlemen were accused of fraud, as much as to say that they would sell government secrets of trust to any organization for hire.

The speaker referred to several cases of a similar nature in order to lay the present action plainly before the jury. Quoting from the article in question the speaker referred particularly to the words "herbicide ministry," which dealt with the conduct of Messrs. Turner and Pooley alone. Although it was the sort of article in which no gentleman who had any respect for himself would permit to be written about him without seeking to punish the person who had written it.

Messrs. Turner and Pooley had come as ordinary private citizens before a jury, and in such a manner that had the law ruled that the defendant was innocent they would have to pay all expenses. This was certainly commendable. As ministers of the Crown, Messrs. Turner and Pooley are entitled to act as ministers of the Crown, and having been attacked as such would be justified in using the public funds in prosecuting this case, and in laying a criminal indictment.

How ridiculous it was for the defense to bring forward a number of English newspapers which had mentioned perhaps this very matter, and bring them forward as bearing directly on the present case. His learned friend had not the malice to come forward and admit that the article in question was written in the paper concerned. But he came forward with a number of newspapers, one of these was that Mr. Turner had secured the appointment of his son to a position in England in connection with the company of which his client was a member. This was certainly not objectionable. Mr. Turner, Jr., knowing this country, his appointment was consequently a good thing for the company, and for the country. Another point was that Mr. Pooley had secured his own appointment as solicitor of the company, a plea that the speaker ridiculed. The speaker referring to the alleged excessive advertisement of this company, stated that he did not believe in any selling of securities to any startling extent. He really did not know how large the type was in which these gentlemen's names were published, but even supposing their names were as prominently displayed as those on a bill poster, that did not show Messrs. Turner and Pooley as "herbicide ministers," or as selling government secrets to any startling extent. They were simply gentlemen, and their names were published in a paper of the highest circulation. It was not the defendant's contention that Mr. Nichol was responsible for this matter entirely. The speaker did not care what was done with Mr. Nichol—the court must impose a small fine or send him to prison, but this sort of writing must stop. Mr. Cassidy then dealt with the article in its various phases, showing the fallacy of the writer in the article, complaining in endeavoring to make the public believe that the information acquired by Messrs. Turner and Pooley as ministers of the Crown was sold to private companies, especially so when the companies were expressly organized for the development of the north. The writer of the article had the impudence to charge Messrs. Turner and Pooley with fraud and the grossest corruption, but he had the further impudence to say that these gentlemen had sold themselves, and retorted that such a statement was true in substance, and in fact. The offence of which the defendant is charged was certainly an indictable one.

Mr. Cassidy then proceeded to call his witnesses. Provincial Librarian E. O. Schofield, being first called and duly sworn. In December, 1897, witness deposed he was assistant provincial librarian. The provincial library subscribed to the Province newspaper at that time. Witness remembered the issue of September 11th, 1897, containing the article "Men and Things." It was delivered at the library either by letter or by mail—he was not certain which.

Under examination by Mr. Davis, Q.C., for the defense, witness could not say whether by letter or whether it was delivered by mail. He remembered the circumstances under which he first saw the Province, from the article "Men and Things," speaking in a general way. He read the article in the copy in the provincial library, and consequently remembered the issue. All he knew about the paper was that it came in the usual manner, by mail or by messenger.

Re-examined by Mr. Cassidy, witness reiterated that the Province came to the provincial library either by mail or by messenger. The paper came to the office every Saturday morning.

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(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, April 22.—The four shafts at Extension mines are closed down today, and will remain so until the men can get the wages they asked for or until they can be found willing to take their places.

This course was determined upon at a mass meeting held at No. 2 shaft yesterday afternoon, at which about three hundred miners were present.